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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

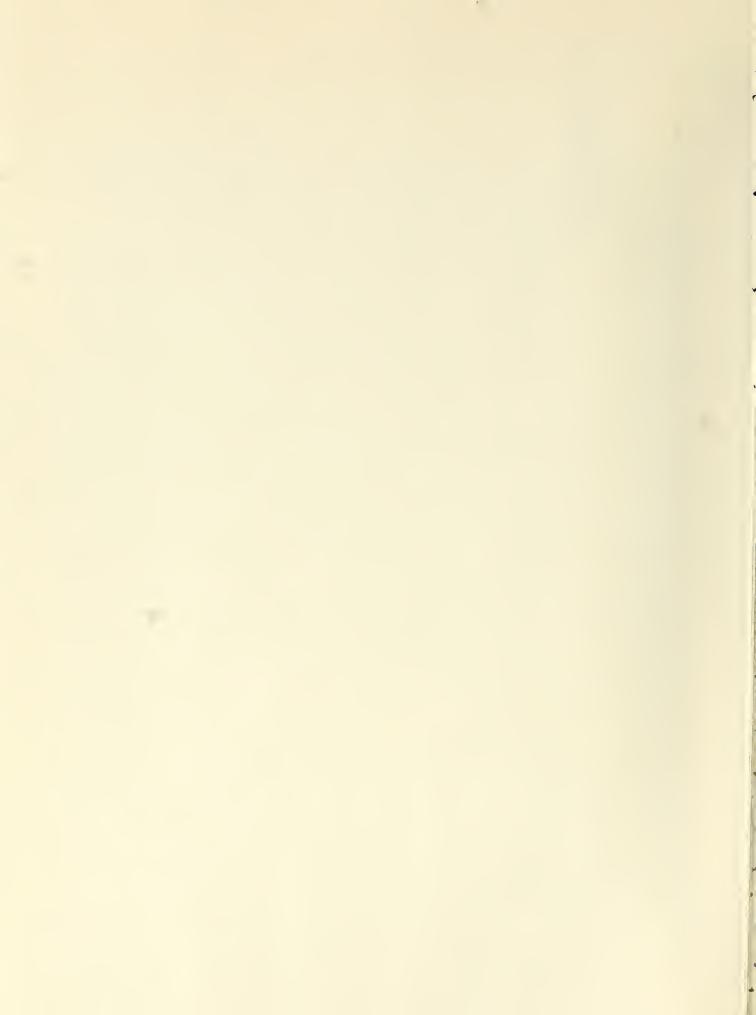
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STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

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VOLUME 2

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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

NASHUA, N.H.

HC80-2-251

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

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C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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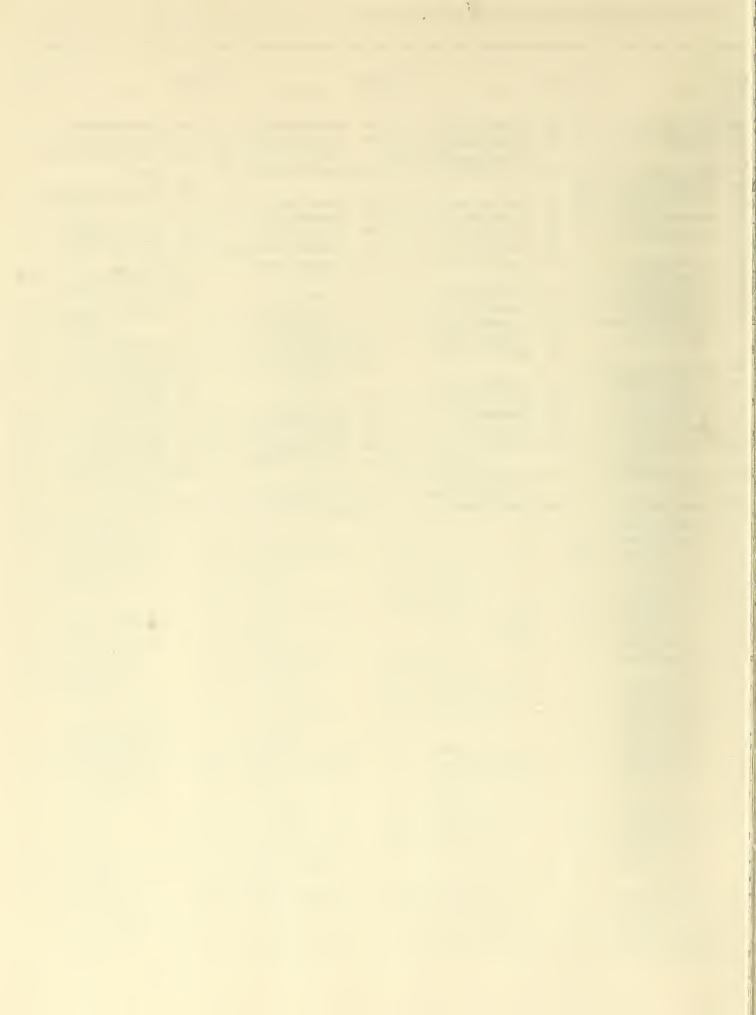
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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "—" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

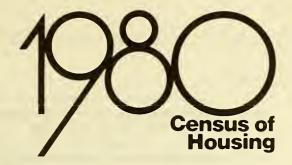
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

NASHUA, N.H.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-251

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Arrangement of Tables	Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables	raye
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	ıx
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	×
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
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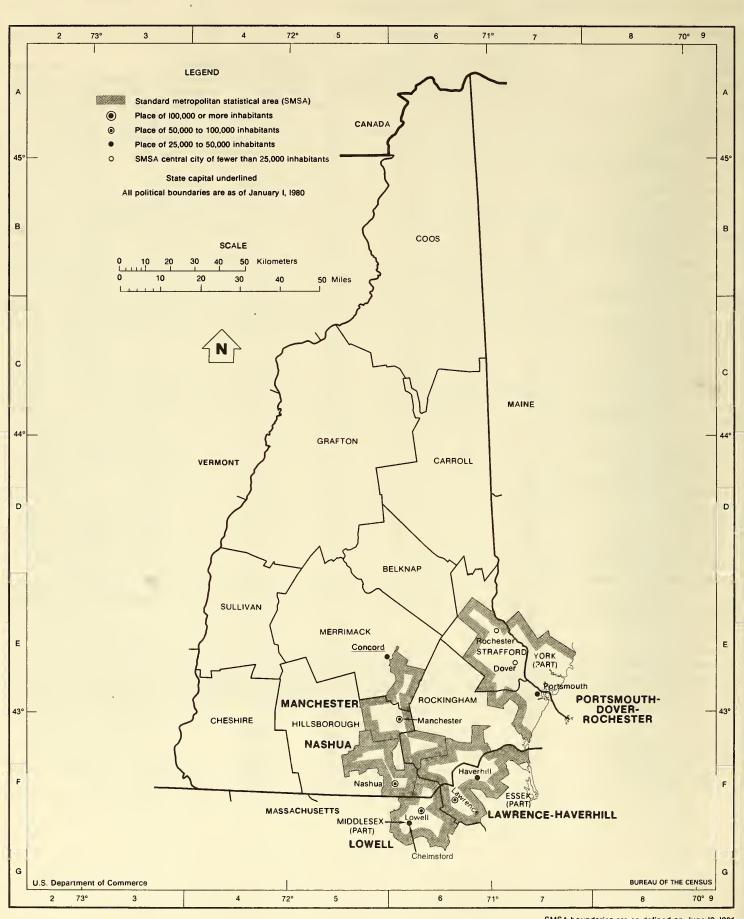
Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1		3	4	_ 5	_
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	- - - 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	- 1 -	2 2 2	_ _ _	=	_ 5 _	_ 6 _
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel.	1 1 - -	2 2 - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-		_ _ 3	=	5 -	6
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ 4 4	5 - -	6
Gross rent as percentage of household income Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	-	. 2	3	4	-	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1	2 - 2	3 -	4	5	6
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	for all house	holds. Similar d				
WhiteBlack	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	. 19 30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	40 51 62	41 52 63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

						,	
Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8	<u>-</u>	=	_	_	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	= = =	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 _ _	- - -	9 -	- - -	11 - -	12 12 —	13 13 –
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	 	- - -		12 - - - -	- - - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- - -	- - -	9 - -	= -	_ _ 11	_ 12 _	=
percentage of household income Contract rent	- - -	- - - -	9 - 9 -	- - - -	11 - 11 -	- - 12	- - -
household income	_	-	9	10		-	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	_ 9 9	- - -		- - -	=
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.							
White	20 31 42	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34 45	24 35 46	- - -	- - -
Asian and Pacific Islander	53 64	54 65	55 66	56 67	57 68		_ _

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as -05++, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

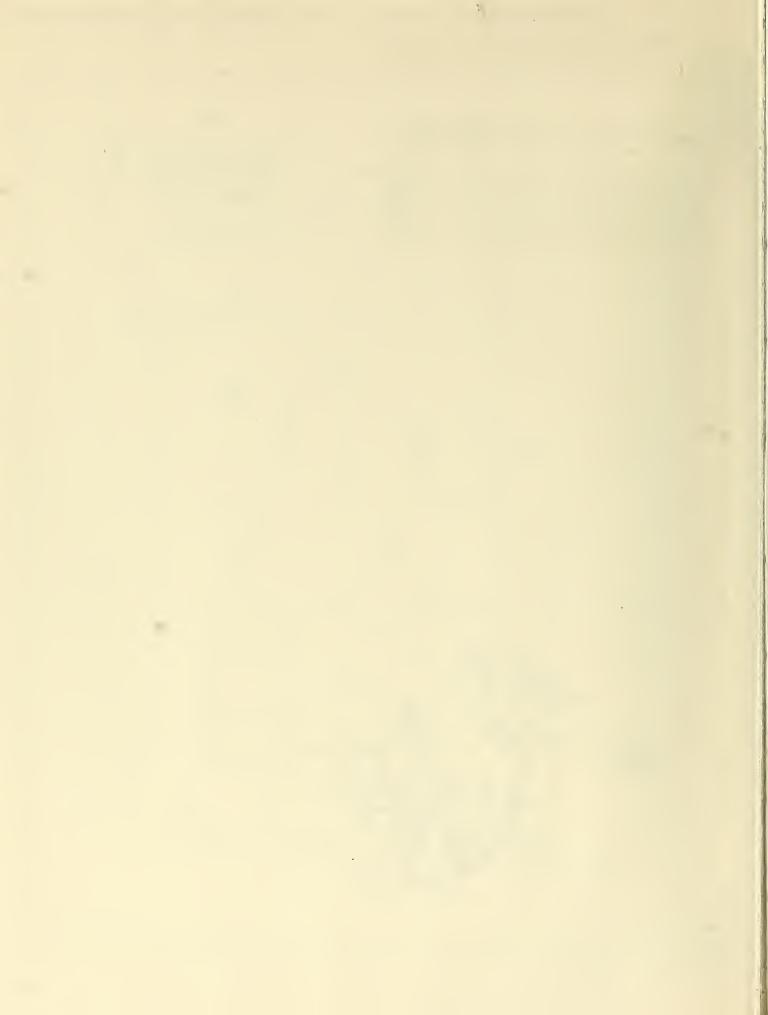


Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]													
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	20 564	78	304	771	1 670	4 340	5 387	5 431	1 616	773	194	55 200	59 400
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years ond over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	17 082 300 4 516 5 007 5 966 1 293 1 105 28 275 254 328 220 2 377 15 295 366 779 922 43.4	53 9 - 7 37 8 17 54.4	188 - 27 27 24 86 51 68 - 28 40 40 48 6 42 62.8	532 - 51 101 179 55 5 27 7 23 184 - 11 83 3 90 58.8	1 185 23 130 251 561 220 108 - 111 31 32 377 - 20 52 1116 189 55.3	3 429 89 1 039 796 1 199 306 253 8 - 72 81 46 54 658 - 143 112 160 243 43.2	4 499 146 1 410 1 264 1 415 264 308 63 63 60 39 580 15 81 100 193 40,3	4 730 33 1 383 1 630 1 475 209 278 86 94 26 423 - 51 174 175 123 41.0	1 556 	729 - 117 300 296 16 6 - - - 6 38 - 7 16 15 43.3	181 	56 600 57 200 60 507 55 200 47 000 52 000 51 300 51 300 51 300 51 300 51 300 50 300 50 300 50 300 50 300	61 200 60 500 65 600 61 300 61 300 61 300 60 500 50 500 50 900 60 500 50 300 50 300 50 400 50 400 50 800 50 800
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 414 6 388 4 078 4 591 3 093	9 32 10 27	8 28 39 92 137	25 33 127 251 335	66 181 287 544 592	306 1 262 910 1 061 801	644 1 854 1 052 1 267 570	854 1 981 1 072 1 028 496	305 665 355 226 65	170 307 145 99 52	36 68 59 13 18	62 100 59 000 55 500 52 100 46 000	68 200 64 300 60 800 54 500 48 000
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	161 1 442 4 153 5 465 4 650 4 693 6.3	16 45 - 9 8 5.0	14 111 70 69 13 27 4.9	27 111 251 213 95 74 5.5	14 321 619 404 190 122 5.3	45 520 1 521 1 396 650 208 5.6	17 263 1 193 1 853 1 409 652 6.2	38 100 406 1 378 1 873 1 636 6.9	6 - 34 117 308 1 151 7.9	- 14 23 62 674 8.5 +	- - 12 41 141 8.5+	44 000 43 400 47 800 53 200 59 700 75 100	45 300 41 800 47 000 53 800 61 500 80 800
BEDROOMS None	18 567 3 338 10 624 5 155 862	- 34 36 8 -	5 18 158 97 26 -	59 208 363 106 35	90 543 792 212 33	13 182 940 2 417 718 70	132 893 3 194 1 000 168	82 481 3 051 1 595 222	- 51 486 940 139	- 4 16 137 478 138	- 14 51 72 57	41 500 46 100 48 100 54 600 65 400 67 700	35 900 45 800 48 000 56 500 70 700 81 200
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	3 834 3 790 6 198 2 485 898 3 359	- 41 10 - - 27	22 29 28 38 44 143	8 27 154 156 80 346	46 97 384 393 113 637	281 653 1 531 728 316 831	917 1 039 2 016 700 157 558	1 589 1 212 1 577 394 130 529	614 448 346 57 7 144	286 169 148 13 45 112	71 75 4 6 6 32	65 900 60 100 54 100 49 200 46 800 46 300	72 200 66 000 57 200 50 000 51 000 50 800
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 - \$5,000 to \$9,999 - \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Median	726 1 519 828 1 031 2 623 3 322 5 819 3 296 1 400 \$25 317 \$27 235	9 33 9 8 - 19 - - - \$9 700 \$11 205	51 55 22 6 76 72 19 3 - \$15 918 \$14 731	77 177 46 46 101 96 191 26 11 \$17 520 \$18 355	131 263 153 159 254 287 271 113 39 \$18 071 \$19 378	192 383 258 311 891 823 1 041 356 85 \$20 813 \$21 548	127 301 209 307 699 1 147 1 693 696 208 \$24 518 \$25 557	109 256 110 172 471 688 1 935 1 236 454 454 \$29 274 \$30 697	24 31 14 17 83 140 495 565 5247 \$35 061 \$37 402	9 7 5 33 44 148 273 254 \$42 308 \$47 404	6 11 - 15 6 26 28 102 \$52 313 \$68 091	45 600 46 600 46 700 49 600 49 900 53 000 58 000 65 600 76 400	46 800 47 300 47 400 50 300 52 100 54 000 60 800 70 300 88 000
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not mortgaged Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not computed Not computed Medion	16 447 3 457 3 202 3 400 2 296 1 404 2 661 47 22.3 4 097 967 1 018 654 369 259 173 624 33 15.4	34 19 - - 15 - 14.5 44 19 - - 16 19 - - 16 19 - - 16 19 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	102 31 14 19 8 30 -21.6 202 33 34 45 55 55 59 34 42 -26	400 142 69 4 20 20 17.3 77 77 77 52 39 97 123 51 49 9 9	953 256 130 179 102 96 183 77 22.4 717 174 121 104 62 23 3115 48.0	3 332 716 583 727 453 267 559 22.4 1 008 228 250 173 82 72 26 6 177	4 573 848 871 1 010 734 746 	4 723 943 1 029 986 598 414 747 6 22.0 708 204 183 127 56 22 24 92 14.1	1 509 319 339 231 264 1559 190 7 22.0 107 28 8 47 13 5 - - 14 14	685 131 121 153 117 57 106 23.0 88 29 28 22 9 - 12.7	156 52 46 111 - 20 27 - 17.8 38 7 7 7 6 - - 11	57 200 55 500 55 500 56 600 57 500 58 500 56 400 45 600 47 000 41 500 42 400 46 900 50 900	61 800 61 300 63 700 62 600 64 200 59 900 51 900 52 700 53 400 44 300 42 500 44 300 46 700 49 200 41 600
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	20 536 296 28 - 20 564 18 862 9 115 1 367 628 3.1	78 - - 78 61 17 - 9	299 6 5 - 304 276 71 - 34 11.2	766 11 5 - 771 735 251 19 40 5.2	1 661 77 9 - 1 67 1 529 559 39 72 4.3	4 331 82 9 4 340 3 989 1 908 274 187 4.3	5 387 66 5 387 4 859 2 506 409 106 2.0	5 431 29 - 5 431 4 984 2 588 361 138 2.5	1 616 14 - 1 616 1 514 767 100 30 1.9	773 11 773 730 339 118 	194 - - 194 185 109 47 12 6.2	55 200 44 700 32 200 55 200 56 600 58 200 48 700	59 500 50 200 32 100

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimot	tes bosed on o	somple, see ir	irroduction. Fo	or meoning or s	symbols, see II	ntroduction. Fo	or definitions of	r rerms, see of	opendixes A on	авј	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	13 367	463	516	1 083	1 759	2 551	2 922	1 910	1 266	596	301	303
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	5 538	35	85	367	609	1 058	1 175	1 048	694	341	126	323
15 to 24 years	904	6	3 37	51	113 218	190 412	314 477	126	78	17	6	314
25 to 34 years	1 986 699	6	-	51 96 30 97 93 293	68	147	101	349 124	229 138	133 91	29	322 351
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	1 373 576	18	41	97	109 101	221 88	227 56	364 85	185 64	94 6	67 24	348 265
Male householder, no wife present	3 283 843	98 18	137 27	293 67	437 75	784 192	811 259	369 108	217 55	75 30	62 12	293 307
25 to 34 years	1 199 473	iĭ	20 11	64 53 67	178 31	330 142	326 94	149 71	89	18	14	299 299
35 to 44 yeors	508	20	41	67	102	107	106	30	60 6	14	15	260
65 years ond over Female householder, ne husband present	260 4 546	49 330	38 294	42 423	51 713	13 709	26 936	11 493	7 355	180	16 113	175 281
15 to 24 years	640 1 057	7	19 47	20 45	129 163	214 194	166 313	41 141	12 91	35 49	4 7	279 311
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	579 898	15	22 58	22 156	48 192	117 94	111 196	86 125	103 35	62 7	8 20	334 260
65 years and over	1 372 35.3	308 72.5	148 59.1	180 55.0	181 35.2	90 31.8	150 30.9	100 36.3	114 37.2	27 36.0	74 53.8	206
Median ageYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	33.3	72.5	37.1	33.0	33.2	31.0	30.7	30.3	37.2	30.0	33.0	
1979 to Morch 1980	6 152	.84	145	283	673	1 204	1 594	952	725	424	68	320 298
1975 to 1978	4 449 1 431	166 157	133 104	443 115	622 211	857 241	978 266	703 204	367 53	108 54	72 16	298 280
1960 to 1969	761 574	37 19	74 60	121 121	130 123	177 72	79	32 19	82 39	_	29 116	280 251 213
ROOMS												
1 room	269 845	29 125	63 90	88 130	54 215	25 156	100	- 6	10	4	13	164 216
2 rooms3 rooms	2 832	206	94	325	558	721	613	277	22	-	16	267
4 rooms5 rooms	4 716 3 081	71 32	113 104	239 239	521 238	885 542	1 412 586	909 514	430 553	70 180	66 93	318 329
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 016 608	Ξ	49 3	52 10	137 36	158 64	127 78	132 72	155 96	173 169	93 33 80	338 401
Medion	4.1	2.9	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.9	4.0	4.2	4.8	5.8	5.1	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All inceme levels in 1979	13 367	463	516	1 083	1 759 1 747	2 551	2 922	1 910	1 266	596	301	303 304
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	13 076 8 054	431 351	438 272	1 038 742	1 097	2 512 1 398	2 893 1 798	1 867 1 126	1 259 775	590 251	301 244	304 301 306
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	4 590 321	80	166	286 10	598 22	1 013 64	1 027	655 80	419 54	297 33	49 8	357
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	111 291	32	- 78	_ 45	30 12	37 39	18 29	6 43	11 7	9 6	_	290 173
0.50 or less	157 119	19	46 32	12 33	12	19 12	29	20 23	7	- 6	-	203
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	8	6	-	-	-	8		-	<u>'</u>	-	-	288
1.51 or more Income in 1979 belew poverty level	1 513	7 162	194	166	215	237	177	160	90	50	62	50— 248
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 453 84	141	175	154	215 14	229 14	177	160 16	90	50 21	62	252 363 114
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	60	21	19	12	-	8	-	"-	-	-	_	114
1.01 or more persons per room	15	/	-	-	-	8	-	_	_	-	_	277
None	325	40	70	100	67	38	6		-	.4	_	167
1	4 199 6 147	326 87	208 118	535 309	868 622	974 1 075	802 1 748	329 1 221	93 722	14 127	50 118	258 323
34	2 214 389	10	96 24	121 14	162 40	419 45	298 50	282 62	406 45	341 61	79 48	344 347
5 or more	93	~	-	4	-	-	18	16	-	49	6	500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched	1 440	41	31	40	98	126	184	184	274	291	171	381
2	2 671 2 469	22 41	125	264 358	361 634	502 629	549 400	298 140	337 130	155	58 23	303 260
3 ond 4 5 to 9	1 769	72	103	194	363 303	495	273	197	50	. 46 16	6	266 326
10 to 49 50 or more	4 692 260	126 161	176 13	196 7	303	775 24	1 467 37	1 066 18	461 -	88 -	34	69
Mobile home or troiler, etc.	66	-	-	24	-	-	12	7	14	-	9	319
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	1 242	74	37	23	29	106	316 773	154	261	225	17	359
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 767 2 196	178 82	37 73 44	23 52 68	137 221	353 395 225	773 600	668 433	342 215	155 79	36 59	337 322
1950 to 1959	836 967	13	44 10 39	45 107	112	225 219	600 178 168	433 103 157	71 141	43	36	299 299
1939 or earlier	5 359	111	313	788	1 146	1 253	887	395	236	83	147	260
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	12 818	281	443	1 015	1 692	2 478	2 891	1 892	1 241	596	289	306
4 or moreWith elevotor	549 284	182 166	443 73 33	68 37	67 37	73 11	31	18	25	-	12	155
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	204	100	33	3/	37		_	_	_			,,
INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent	1 997	142	119	206	377	494	329	207	86	37		270
15 to 19 percent	2 293	121	76	118	265	542	518	357	181	115		270 302 310
20 to 24 percent	2 184 1 606	112 53 12	47 39	175 138	262 223	389 236	549 342 297	269 291	296 207	85 77		217
30 to 34 percent	1 045 1 918	12 11	50 70	90 135	127 204	226 314	504	116 314	87 216	40 150	•••	303 322
50 percent or more Not computed	1 945 379	6	115	221	295 6	326 24	368 15	340 16	182	92 -	301	303 322 301 310
Medion	25.1	18.6	27.1	26.5	24.5	22.9	25.8	27.0	26.6	29.0		
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	13 362	458	516	1 083	1 759	2 551	2 922	1 910	1 266	596	301	303
Central heating systemAir conditioning	11 139 5 859	393 109	349 90	766 29 5	1 289 416	1 994 999	2 631 1 828	1 777 1 229	1 130 568	559 228	251 97	312 327
Centrol system	1 121	13	12	22	67	125	357	238	116	152	19	344

Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

The SMSA Less than \$5,000 ta \$10,000 \$12,500 \$15,000 \$20,000 \$25,000 \$35,000 \$50,000 ar Median Metalan Metalan) level
Less than \$5,000 to 50,000 to 50,0	paverty level
Owner-occupied housing units 25 126 985 2 096 1 148 1 275 3 362 4 043 6 711 3 795 1 711 24 567 26 71 HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	812
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	
Married-couple families 20 139 264 961 681 922 2 620 3 553 6 062 3 528 1 548 26 397 29 07 15 to 24 years 370 - 16 34 8 122 104 80 6 - 20 179 20 12	2 - 1
25 to 34 years 5 048 42 97 90 232 844 1 145 1 850 595 153 25 282 26 39 35 to 44 years 5 693 45 125 123 205 631 1 051 1 939 1 149 425 28 116 30 55	5 103
45 to 64 years 7 312 129 240 189 283 757 1 117 1 978 1 739 880 29 510 32 81 65 years and over 1 716 48 483 245 194 266 136 215 39 90 13 557 18 04	
Male householder, na wife present 1 623 135 172 91 107 299 247 343 155 74 20 135 22 60 15 to 24 years 59 6 8 9 4 - - 17 10 5 28 021 24 39	84
25 to 34 years 497 6 13 33 25 115 115 116 48 26 22 478 24 73 35 to 44 years 375 20 15 23 28 84 41 109 36 19 21 411 26 30	1 6
45 ta 64 years 389 23 27 4 17 72 72 95 61 18 23 292 25 27	5 23
Female householder, no husband present 3 364 586 963 376 246 443 243 306 112 89 10 884 14 57	382
25 to 34 years 440 42 133 73 39 45 55 23 19 11 11 541 15 27	72
35 to 44 years 471 48 80 64 54 96 31 46 27 25 14 514 18 76 45 to 64 years 1 097 127 273 115 101 200 112 133 15 21 13 329 14 98	120
65 years and over 1 315 364 477 124 52 90 41 90 45 32 7 375 12 22 Median age 44.2 65.0 65.3 54.0 49.1 41.1 39.4 40.0 45.0 47.3	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	
1979 to March 1980 3 257 70 131 159 118 461 575 1 008 462 273 25 900 28 31	76
1970 tg 1974 4 793 108 342 201 230 643 852 1 335 749 333 25 131 27 43	155
1960 ta 1969 5 367 224 442 274 267 709 822 1 265 984 380 24 657 27 08 1959 or earlier 3 998 450 827 320 318 467 428 595 389 204 15 830 20 31	164 256
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 25 048 981 2 074 1 126 1 269 3 357 4 043 6 705 3 782 1 711 24 592 26 74 1.01 gr mare persons per room 376 7 5 12 20 18 101 134 50 29 27 016 28 34	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 78	
1.01 ar more persons per room	
Central heating system 22 973 935 1 890 1 061 1 161 2 990 3 636 6 160 3 541 1 599 24 745 26 86 Air conditioning 11 500 392 671 386 601 1 494 1 791 3 225 1 963 977 26 030 28 86	290
Central system 2 107 48 117 98 62 251 346 553 399 233 26 777 32 39 Vehicles available 24 451 733 1 840 1 106 1 239 3 300 4 033 6 704 3 795 1 701 24 968 27 21	
1 7 451 523 1 319 628 673 1 438 1 159 1 263 329 119 16 998 18 52 2 or mare 17 000 210 521 478 566 1 862 2 874 5 441 3 466 1 582 28 271 31 02	
House heating five	812
Battled, tank, or LP gas 249 12 32 23 13 35 34 64 23 13 21 397 23 14 Electricity 3 571 96 123 114 148 448 545 1 111 678 308 27 238 30 88	12
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc 10 973 561 1 247 628 632 1 523 1 585 2 678 1 404 715 22 732 25 22	372
Other 1 463 16 85 46 78 273 260 413 224 68 24 280 25 93 Median rooms 6.2 5.4 5.4 5.6 5.7 6.0 6.4 7.1 7.6	5.8
Specified owner-occupied housing units 20 564 726 1 519 828 1 031 2 623 3 322 5 819 3 296 1 400 25 317 27 23	628
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	
OWNER COSTS With a mortgage 16 467 371 723 490 680 2 006 2 885 5 143 2 941 1 228 26 705 28 97	454
Less than \$200 176 13 36 15 18 39 40 15 17 574 15 49 \$200 to \$249 389 29 69 31 18 29 110 63 34 6 20 746 19 81	13
\$250 to \$299	62
\$350 to \$399 1 933 54 69 89 109 290 367 581 272 102 24 384 26 54	58
\$400 to \$499	90
\$600 ta \$749 2 488 17 46 26 118 178 284 968 573 278 29 895 33 39 \$750 ar mare 1 325 6 33 7 17 43 111 328 442 338 35 010 43 81	24
Median	\$422 174
Less than \$50	-
\$75 to \$99	9
\$125 to \$149	15
\$150 to \$199	30
\$250 ar mare 1 040	18 \$181
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	
With a mortgage	
Less than 15 percent 3 457 8 45 257 891 1 351 905 39 586 45 17 15 to 19 percent 3 202 - 5 - 16 148 480 1 474 844 235 31 125 32 93	- 1
20 to 24 percent 3 400 - 17 40 66 505 788 1 501 431 52 26 365 27 11 25 to 29 percent 2 296 - 12 43 134 320 724 802 244 17 24 386 25 28	
30 to 34 percent 1 404	-
Not camputed 47	
Not mortgaged	174
Less than 10 percent 967 25 107 384 285 166 33 549 39 45 10 to 14 percent 1 018 - 12 9 82 325 252 267 65 6 21 546 22 87	-
15 to 19 percent 654 - 45 129 161 211 78 25 5 - 14 876 15 64 20 to 24 percent 369 14 94 125 96 40 11 530 11 42	-
25 to 29 percent 259 16 192 32 12 7 8 578 8 87 30 to 34 percent 173 4 117 43 - 9 8 487 8 69	-
35 percent ar more 624	
Median15.4 50+ 32.4 21.2 17.9 14.4 12.2 10- 10- 10	

Table A=4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Date are estimates based on a sample, assumption. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Dato are estimat					usehold incom				, 000 000		4	
The SMSA				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				income in 1979 bslow
	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dailars)	povsrty Isvel
Renter-occupied housing units	13 550	1 737	2 624	1 620	1 073	2 708	1 602	1 578	498	110	14 350	15 699	1 517
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	10 550	1 /4/	2 024	, 020	1 0/0	2 700	1 002	1 370	470	110	14 550	13 077	1 317
Married-couple families	5 645 904	164 14	797 139	524 81	- 519 110	1 420 231	1 002 239	903 79	293	23 6	17 448 16 788	18 679 17 209	267
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	2 007 721	41 51	188	184 79	176 82	662 184	389 106	287 158	71 38	9	17 814 17 750	18 762 19 506	36 102 51
45 ta 64 years65 years and over	· 1 394 619	40 18	165 282	89 91	87 64	279 64	232	321 58	173	8	20 665 10 261	21 697 12 800	60 18
Male householder, no wife present	3 29 8 843	250 40	605 231	476 161	233 105	695 129	419 99	439 58	112 15	69 5	15 611 12 337	17 159 14 146	175
25 to 34 yeors	1 199 473	21 12	124 31	135 64	76 29	352 136	195 60	254 87	22 32	20 22	18 404 18 817	19 390 22 065	51 26 7
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	514 269	68 109	123 96	99 17	10 13	63 15	58 7	40	31 12	22	11 667 5 951	16 764 8 790	50 41
Female householder, no husband present	4 607 640	1 323 154	1 222 213	620 55	321 30	593 85	181 32	236 26	93 39	18 6	9 107 9 029	11 001 12 504	1 075 230
25 ta 34 years	1 067 597 914	172 88 140	221 150 331	216 80 142	117 97 55	179 91 171	81 12 25	59 65 32	22 8 12	6	11 626 11 891	12 855 13 317	216 119
45 to 64 years	1 389 35.6	769 65.7	307 44,5	127 34.5	22 32,9	67 32,1	31 30.5	54 35.8	12 44.6	41.6	9 812 4 709	11 735 7 406	128 382 40.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	00.0	0017	7710	04.0	02.7	02.1	00.5	33.0	44.0	71.0	•••	•••	40.4
1979 to March 1980	6 194 4 515	606 533	1 105 790	798 561	567 288	1 295 1 056	850 570	729 512	169 184	75 21	15 079 15 378	16 270 15 992	681 458
1975 to 1978 1970 ta 1974 1960 to 1969	1 460 773	262 150	370 214	151	118 54	194 88	90 73	158 94	103	14	11 623	14 811 13 486	188. 71
1959 ar earlier	608	186	145	29	46	75	19	85	23	-	10 694 7 500	12 642	119
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 253	1 647	2 547	1 582	1 060	2 677	1 579	1 553	498	110	14 506	15 811	1 457
0.50 or less	8 189 4 628	1 287 331	1 848	1 062 487	603 440	1 375 1 151	805.	890 634	252 219	67 25	12 259 16 888	14 601 17 700	850 523
1.01 to 1.50	325 111	29	609 56 34	27	17	108	732 27 15	24	19	18	16 088 15 901	19 288 16 158	64
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	297 163	90 58	34 77 31 39	38 24	13 13	31 12	23	25 19	Ē	=	8 814 9 250	10 672 10 484	64 20 60 38
0.51 ta 1.00	119	32	-	6 8	Ξ	19	17	6	Ξ	Ξ.	7 946 11 250	11 185 10 565	7 8
1.51 or more	7	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 250	6 440	7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	13 539	1 732	2 624	1 620	1 073	2 708	1 602	1 572	498	110	14 349	15 696	1 517
Central heating system	11 284 5 940	1 380 415	2 012 972	1 318 591	888 442	2 333 1 274	1 368 924	1 407 934	468 321	110 67	15 090 17 262	16 239 18 128	1 163 315
Central system	1 148 11 242	66 662	137 1 945	115 1 379	1 000	225 2 600	178 1 535	211 1 531	116 480	31 110	19 387 16 177	21 070 17 392	53 73 7
2 or more	7 343 3 899	564 98	1 617 328	1 087	678 322	1 697 903	837 698	653 878	168 312	42 68	13 988 20 045	15 129 21 653	563 174
House heating fuel	13 539 5 986 249	1 732 850 18	2 624 1 247 66	1 620 690 32	1 073 447 18	2 708 1 275 24	1 602 651 59	1 572 617 19	498 183 13	110 26	14 349 13 652 13 681	15 696 14 812 15 900	1 517 874 15
Utility gas Battled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	3 091 4 048	306 558	505 771	269 595	283 313	661 721	389 474	466 457	166 121	46 38	16 467 13 299	17 742 15 367	199 424
Other	165 4.1	3.6	35 3.9	34 4.0	12	27 4.2	29 4,3	13	15 4.4	5.1	15 313	17 244	5 4.1
Specified renter-occupied hausing units	13 367	1 727	2 594	1 562	1 057	2 676	1 594	1 549	498	110	14 393	15 706	1 513
CONTRACT RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	759 1 266	403 361	180 413	32 128	48 62	53 169	26 81	17 38	14	=	4 833 8 376	7 293 10 230	242 231
\$150 ta \$199 \$200 ta \$249	1 712 2 650	263 314	457 616	238 365	125 225	317 580	175 280	107 195	30 67	8	11 429 12 833	12 889 14 384	233
\$250 ta \$299 \$300 ta \$349	2 319 2 334	110 105	443 275	354 281	225 210	564 569	251 402	309 382	54 97	8 9 13 28	15 218 17 647	16 113 18 358	141 133
\$350 to \$399 \$400 ta \$499	1 239 712	90 11	145 11	97 30	100	224 143	212 141	246 178	97 11 <u>3</u>	44	19 240 24 110	20 295 26 814	361 141 133 84 19
\$500 ar moreNa cash rent	75 301	70	54	37	21	20 37	26	40 37	19	8	30 413 11 791	32 897 14 466	62
Median	\$253	\$157	\$217	\$250	\$261	\$268	\$294	\$312	\$338	\$395	•••	•••	\$203
Less than \$100	463	318	87	23	6	6	19	4	-	-	4 222	5 691	162
\$100 ta \$149 \$150 to \$199	516 1 083 1 759	226 272	175 387 492	34 155	35 61	35 125	11 45	31	7	- 8	5 816 8 494 11 327	7 174 9 705	194 166 215
\$200 ta \$249	2 551 2 922	259 230 133	477 473	242 322 436	152 198 322	353 632 682	147 297 418	106 299 367	90 91	6	15 343 15 689	12 831 15 834 16 547	237 177
\$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 910 1 266	127 64	289 127	226 56	130 100	422 275	277 290	286 263	115 72	38 19	16 815 20 183	18 620 20 752	160
\$500 ar mareNa cash rent	596 301	28 70	33 54	31 37	32 21	109 37	64 26	156 37	104 19	39	25 039 11 791	26 165 14 466	90 50 62
Median	\$303	\$204	\$263	\$298	\$310	\$312	\$332	\$343	\$372	\$416	• • •	•••	\$248
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent	1 997 2 293	24 102	70 89	51 61	61 77	260 633	321 674	737 541	371 108	102 8	27 494 21 201	28 736 21 310 16 838	35 75
20 to 24 percent	2 184 1 606	104 58	130 299	238 239	217 291	895 561	428 103	172 55	-	=	17 153 14 278	13 989	79 89
30 to 34 percent	1 045 1 918	48 132	275 895	333 558	236 147	122 168	24 18	7	Ξ	Ξ	11 498 9 704	11 496 9 784	35 75 79 89 27 108 960
50 percent ar more	1 945 379	1 111	782 54	45 37	7 21	37	26	37	19	-	4 556 8 750	4 797 11 464	960 140 50+
Median	25.1	50+	41.6	32.6	27.8	22.4	18.4	15.2	12.2	10-	• • •	• • •	30+

Table A -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	(Doto ore estimo	ores bosed on o	somple, see intr	oduction. For m	eoning or symbo	ils, see Introducti	on. For defining	ons or terms, se	e oppendixes A	olia bi	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	16 467	176	389	1 235	1 620	1 933	4 261	3 040	2 488	1 325	467
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person	791 3 454	53 70	37 145	92 299	82 419	88 391	227 810	75 631	106 486	31 203	419 449
2 persons 3 persons	3 266	24	44	244	270	457	845	639	527	216	469
4 persons 5 persons	4 778 2 610	19 10	115 18	333 170	394 273	540 271	1 345 747	903 475	686 400	443 246	474 474
6 persons 7 persons	1 069 422	-	30	65 27	141 36	163 12	198 84	199 98	146 112	127 53	460 553
8 or more persons	77 3.65	2.00	2.78	3.43	3.60	11 3.56	3.68	20 3.69	25 3.68	3.98	563
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	3.03	2.00	2.70	5.45	3.00	3.30	3.00	3.07	3.00	3.70	•••
Married-couple families	14 402	105	283	1 024	1 381	1 639	3 722	2 773	2 197	1 278	474
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	255 4 439	9 14	- 16	14 123	6 255	8 384	78 1 342	85 1 075	55 808	422	515 508
35 to 44 years	4 815	8	98 130	313 490	404 639	519 679	1 259 1 026	904	787 518	523 328	485 424
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	4 553 340	62 12	39	84	77	49	17	681 28	29	5	323 449
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	829 28	6	43	90 _	81	74	201 11	126 8	1 77	31	538
25 to 34 years	262 250	-	_	11 28	29 30	19	62 73	37 43	87 63	17 8	527 447
45 to 64 years	231	6	29	34 17	18	45 5	43	32	18	6	382 294
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	58 1 236	65	14 63	121	4 158	220	12 338	141	114	16	398
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	15 270	_	- 6	20 27	12	55	118	46	5	7	479 434
35 to 44 years	323 435	16 29	22 29	27 40	44 58	33 92	69 117	77 18	26 52 25	9 -	419
65 years ond over	193	20	6	34 47.0	44	36 43.8	28 38.3	37.1	25	-	383 341
Median age	39.8	56.7	52.6	47.0	45.6	43.0	30.3	37.1	37.6	38.4	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	2 341	. 8	,	56	46	90	289	546	787	515	625
1975 to 1978	5 985	29	22 29	160	214	479	1 952	1 545	1 088	496	509
1970 to 1974	3 694 3 586	69	222	197 673	443 790	669 576	1 227 654	527 350	377 180	225 72	509 437 353 339
1959 or earlier	861	70	112	149	127	119	139	72	56	17	339
ROOMS					_						
1 to 3 rooms	98 846	52	11 : 66 :	8 123	107	11 107	19 246	11 110	25 24	11	416 385 390
5 rooms6 rooms	3 190 4 30 4	70 26	150 116	460 385	526 479	491 715	848 1 227	382 793	220 474	43 89	390 431
7 rooms	3 871	15	21	200	308	381	1 169	828	700	249	487
8 or more rooms	4 158 6.5	7 4.9	25 5.3	59 5.6	193 5.9	228 6.0	752 6.3	916 6.8	1 045 7.2	933 8.1	589
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to Morch 1980	3 657 3 529	20 9	10 12	71 125	67 209	226 343	792 1 048	964 695	888 743	619 345	567 503
1970 to 1974	5 488	25 50	157	574	862	812	1 496	822	533	207	420
1950 to 1959	1 579 514	50 21 51	86 52 72	192 73	240 36	248 95	359 147	238 30	128 54	38	395 389
1939 or earlier	1 700	51	72	200	206	209	419	291	142	110	423
VALUE		_									
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	34 102	9 11	18	42	13	- 6	- 8	16	_	_	222 290 338 336 396
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	400 953	54 50 19	68 86	46 251	42 125	83 194	72 151	35 90	6	_	338
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	3 332 4 573	19 27	124 78	426 328	609 488	526 714	1 090 1 433	427 854	99 555	12 96	396 449
\$60,000 to \$79,999	4 723	-	/°	130	299	392	1 266	1 215	1 042	370	522
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	1 509 685	6	_	5	26 18	11 7	213 28	339 52	573 190	336 390	640 750+
\$150,000 or more	\$57 200	\$34 100	\$41 300	\$46 700	\$50 400	\$51 800	\$54 700	\$61 200	\$67 300	\$91 400	750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	40. 200		711 333	7.07.00	400 100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	***************************************	40	40. 000	7	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less thon 15 percent	3 457 3 202	102 15	219 29	558 239	655 337	572 503	714 1 029	344 546	188 354	105 150	367 442
20 to 24 percent	3 400	32	37	150	298	379	1 044	748	519	193	479
25 to 29 percent	2 296 1 404	6 8	12 37 55	74 75	97 33	151 97	536 290	567 321	557 329	296 214	550
35 percent or moreNot computed	2 661 47	13	55 -	132	188 12	224	633	508 6	541	367	442 479 548 550 517 382
Medion	22.3	13.5	14.2	16.2	17.2	18.9	21.8	24.2	26.6	28.6	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Steam or hot water system	16 467 7 025	1 76 62	389 176	1 235 553	1 620 730	1 933 990	4 261 1 689	3 040 1 222	2 488 971	1 325 632	467 456
Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	5 481 2 403	73 9	163 19	469 50	674 53	693 138	1 521 645	877 643	687 541	324 305	445 545
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means	95 1 463	14 18	5 26	16	13 150	112	11 395	29 269	7 282	64	348 473
Air conditioning	7 478	82	136	147 464	863	864	1 962	1 459	1 133	515	468
Centrol system1 or more individual room units	1 193 6 285	B2	15 121	58 406	98 765	160 704	260 l 1 702	258 1 201	230 903	114 401	502 463 467
House heating fuel	16 467 6 577	1 76 82	389 169	1 235 551	1 620 821	1 933 948	4 261 1 841	3 040 1 049	2 488 807	1 325 309	467 436
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	135	- 9	19	8 50	26	28 154	35 708	10 684	22 618	338	416 547
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 633 5 976	72	175	528	53 599	730	1 349	1 060	820	643 29	466
Other	1 146	13	26	98	121	73	328	237	221	29	478

Table A - 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dota ore estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Dota ore estimate:	s bosed on o samp	ole, see Introducti	on. For meoning	of symbols, see I	ntroduction. For a	definitions of term	is, see appendixes	A ond Bj	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 ta \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ar more	Median (dallors)
IIIE JINIJA			-		7.00.0 7.00				4200 d. more	
Specified awner-occupied hausing units	4 097	-	8	28	94	266	1 368	1 293	1 040	211
PERSONS IN UNIT										
l person	840	_	_	19	42	71	350	255	103	191
2 persons	1 852	_	8	, 9	52	123	653	615	392	207
3 persans	729	-	-	-	-	48	227	227	227	220
4 persons5 persons	403 181		_	Ξ	Ξ:	15	81 38	135 37	178 91	241 250+
6 persons	69	-	-	-	-	- '-	14	18	37	250+
7 persons	23	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	12	250+
8 or more persons	2.15		2.00	1.24	1.60	2.00	2.01	2.14	2.61	
	20		2.00			2,50	2.0.		2.01	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	2 680	-	8	-	34	149	858	884	747	216
15 to 24 years	45 77	_ [Ξ.	_	_	_	18 31	12 18	15 28	219
35 to 44 years	192	-	-	-	-	36	30	56	70	221 227 222
45 ta 64 years65 years and over	1 413 953	_	8		18	67 46	404 375	469 329	447 187	222
Male householder, na wife present	276	-	-	14	16 15	47	71	77	52	206 194
15 ta 24 years	,-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	7	-
25 to 34 years	13			_ [_	_		_	6	196 175
45 to 64 years	97	-	-		.=	29	4 22 38	29	17	194
65 years and over	162 1 141	-	-	14 14	15 45	18 70	38 439	48 332	29 241	195 200
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	- 1	_	_	-	-	,5	-	-	-	- 1
25 to 34 years	25	-	-	-	-	-	15	,_	10	.192
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	43 344	_	_	14	- 8	- 8	20 130	13 102	10 82	206 206
65 years and over	729	_	-	-	37	62	274	217	139	198
Median age	63.6	-	62.5	60.0	70.0	64.4	65.1	63.7	60.6	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	73	_	_	_	_	12	20	28	13	208
1975 to 1978	403	-	-	5	8	17	105	115	153	229 228
1970 ta 1974	384 1 005	_		14	21	24 75	60 295	156 378	123 239	228 215
1959 or earlier	2 232	_	8	9	61	138	888	616	512	201
ROOMS										
	(0			10			0.4	1.4		174
1 to 3 rooms	63 596			19	16	105	26 293	14	28	174 179
5 rooms	963	-	8		35	71	341	370	138	204
6 raams	1 161	-	-	-	10	45 37	425	410	271	212
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	779 535		_	_	6 27	3/8	209 74	245 109	282 317	228 250+
Median	5.9	-	5.0	3.1	5.4	4.9	5.6	5.8	6.8	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 ta March 1980	177	_	_	_	8	_	21	62	86	248
1970 to 1974	261	_	-	=	12	9	48	84	108	237
1960 to 1969	710	-	-	14	-	50	176	256	214	222
1950 ta 19591940 to 1949	906 384				4 14	45 36	308 134	349 73	200 127	214 205
1939 ar earlier	1 659	-	8	14	56	126	681	469	305	196
VALUE										
less than \$10,000	44	_	8	9	18	٥	_	_	_	107
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	202	_	-	14	19	34	109	26	_	166
\$20,000 to \$29,999	371	-	-	5	15	26	211	94 250	20	183 194
\$40,000 to \$49,999	717 1 008				22 16	26 75 102	297 454	273	73 163	193
\$50,000 to \$59,999	814	_	_	_	4	20	189	379	222	226
\$60,000 ta \$79,999	708 107	-	-	-	-	-	97 5	246	365 89	250+
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 ta \$149,999	88	Ξ	_	= = =	_		-	13	83 25	250+ 250+
\$150,000 ar more	38	-	-	G1 (100	-		6 41 500	7	25	250+
Median	\$47 300	-	\$10000-	\$16 400	\$27 900	\$37 800	\$41 500	\$50 100	\$61 700	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent 10 ta 14 percent	967 1 018	_	- 8	-	8	107 40	309 345	274 308	269 296	211 215
15 to 19 percent	654	Ξ	-	5	21 31	44	231	174	169	205
20 to 24 percent	369	-	-	14	6	22 25	110	133 94	84	212
25 ta 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	259 173		_	_	24 4	25 8	84 63	54	32 44	198 211
35 percent ar more	624	-	=	9	"	13	213	243	146	216
Nat camputed Median	33 15.4	-	12.5	-	17.9	7	13	13	14.2	187
	15.4	-	12.5	23.2	17.9	12.8	15.5	16.7	14.2	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	4 097	-	8	28	94	266	1 368	1 293	1 040	211
Steam ar hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	2 205 1 351	Ξ	- 8	9 5	35 41	102 81	699 528	675 467	685 221	219 201
Other built-in electric units	251	-	-		-	16	54	73	108	201 238 191
Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	51	_	-	9	18	10	8	20	4 1 22	191
Other meansAir conditioning	239 1 637	_	_	5 5	18 24	57 94	79 498	58 478	538	221
Central system	174	-	-	5	4	12	46	45	67	228
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	1 463 4 097	-	- 8	5 28	20 94	82 266	452 1 368	433 1 293	471 1 040	175 221 228 220 211
Utility gas	1 190	_	-	-	47	144	428	341	230	197
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	54	-	-	5	8	8	-	17	16	218
Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc	262 2 478	_		23	34	16 91	54 825	73 840	119 665	218 242 216 180
Other	113	_	8	-	5	7	61	22	10	180

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Doto ore estim	otes bosed on o s			meoning of syr	nbols, see Infr	roduction. For o					
The SMSA		1975 to	ner-occupied ho	1960 to	1940 to	1939 or		1975 to	er-occupied ho	1960 to	1940 to	1939 or
THE SWISA	Total	Morch 1980	1974	1969	1959	eorlier	Total	Morch 1980	1974	1969	1959	earlier
Occupied housing units	25 126	4 901	4 494	7 200	3 819	4 712	13 550	1 282	2 789	2 218	1 836	5 425
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-cuple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	20 139 370 5 048 5 693 7 312 1 716 1 623 37 375 389 303 3 364 41 440 471 1 097 1 315	4 169 120 1 832 1 145 963 109 355 11 178 109 57 - 377 28 100 66 110 73 36.0	3 818 82 1 129 1 396 1 039 172 244 19 109 75 33 8 432 6 120 106 64 39.2	6 093 70 1 167 2 063 2 450 343 364 17 91 62 128 66 743 108 141 320 174 44.5	2 936 29 448 417 1 595 447 263 2 60 61 60 80 620 4 56 70 269 221 54.2	3 123 69 472 672 1 265 645 397 10 59 68 111 149 1 192 3 3 56 88 262 783 56.7	5 645 904 2 007 721 1 394 619 3 298 843 1 199 473 514 269 4 607 597 914 1 389 35.6	545 97 239 89 79 41 297 96 111 61 14 15 440 72 74 129 33.7	1 127 183 385 102 316 141 753 206 299 127 92 29 909 117 244 107 146 295 34.5	853 167 253 128 231 74 705 123 323 75 114 70 660 51 195 87 100 227 35.0	814 213 303 85 162 51 119 146 35 36 660 156 660 129 96 112 167 30.8	2 306 244 827 317 606 312 1 181 299 320 175 258 129 1 938 297 353 235 482 571 39.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	3 257 7 711 4 793 5 367 3 998	1 690 3 211 - -	617 1 585 2 292 -	502 1 559 1 491 3 648	150 608 509 845 1 707	298 748 501 874 2 291	6 194 4 515 1 460 773 608	1 010 272 - - -	1 398 957 434 - -	973 902 245 98	772 644 165 166 89	2 041 1 740 616 509 519
ROOMS 1 room	18 32 233 2 539 5 425 6 341 10 538 6.2	5 6 16 605 822 1 142 2 305 6.4	9 22 400 787 958 2 318 6.6	8 13 87 559 1 882 1 764 2 887 6.1	- 56 579 1 002 1 186 996 5.7	5 4 52 396 932 1 291 2 032 6.2	269 845 2 849 4 752 3 138 1 043 654 4.1	15 44 263 542 253 91 74	22 181 565 1 191 594 135 101 4.0	7 146 501 1 026 385 106 47 3.9	32 103 365 614 477 173 72 4.2	193 371 1 155 1 379 1 429 538 360 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25 048 14 444 10 228 343 33 78 33 45	4 901 3 020 1 844 37 - - -	4 486 2 466 1 998 16 6 8 8	7 194 3 418 3 620 137 19 6 -	3 805 2 292 1 424 81 8 14 3	4 662 3 248 1 342 72 - 50 22 28 -	13 253 8 189 4 628 325 111 297 163 119 8	1 275 805 453 12 5 7 -	2 709 1 817 797 73 22 80 57 23	2 193 1 435 746 6 6 25 19 6	1 817 1 044 694 52 27 19 13 6	5 259 3 088 1 938 182 51 166 74 77 8 7
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Total persons	2 470 7 010 4 721 5 922 3 109 1 894 3.15 82 960	351 1 421 1 026 1 332 521 250 3.16	231 1 075 820 1 355 684 329 3.59	484 1 706 1 340 1 860 1 129 681 3.54 25 733	477 1 305 706 688 301 342 2.68	927 1 503 829 687 474 292 2.45	4 704 4 496 2 061 1 277 631 381 1.96	399 465 228 113 43 34 2.02 2 782	977 1 037 314 262 110 89 1.90 5 996	889 687 397 170 62 13 1.82	588 606 294 170 98 80 2.04	1 851 1 701 828 562 318 165 2.01
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2	22 512 1 033 189 108 297 - 987	4 397 46 6 40 208 – 204	4 023 70 15 36 350	6 685 81 5 5 23 -	3 616 126 33 8 11 -	3 791 710 145 40 19 - 7	1 623 2 671 2 469 1 769 4 692 260 66	230 192 26 72 737 12	181 254 116 293 1 755 164 26	254 213 141 267 1 239 77 27	352 436 402 222 417 7	606 1 576 1 784 915 544
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment Steam or hot woter system Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means Air conditioning Centrol system 1 or more individuol room units House hearting fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	25 121 10 772 8 938 3 041 222 2 148 11 500 2 107 9 393 25 121 8 865 249 3 571 10 973 1 463 812 3.2	4 901 1 473 1 711 1 210 38 469 2 353 469 2 1 721 1 094 27 1 539 1 841 400 95 1.9	4 494 1 127 1 571 1 259 18 519 2 227 484 1 743 4 494 1 527 72 1 389 1 088 104 2.3	7 200 3 730 2 542 416 21 491 3 631 714 2 917 7 200 3 807 44 451 2 577 321 256 3.6	3 819 1 871 1 513 96 644 275 1 749 207 1 542 3 819 1 003 24 120 2 510 162 162 128 3.4	4 707 2 571 1 601 60 81 394 1 540 70 1 470 1 434 82 72 2 957 162 229 4.9	13 539 5 072 3 621 1 48 2 255 5 940 1 148 4 792 13 539 5 986 4 048 1 048 1 155 1 517 11.2	1 282 498 489 242 53 780 269 511 1 282 414 12 392 440 24 91 7.1	2 789 593 886 1 223 6 81 2 000 465 1 535 2 789 904 7 1 573 285 20 261 9.4	2 218 793 602 661 24 138 298 1 265 2 218 1 007 23 773 397 18 184 8.3	1 836 628 501 143 52 504 58 446 1 836 854 46 162 732 42 144 7.8	5 414 2 560 1 143 174 66 1 471 1 093 58 1 035 5 414 2 807 161 191 2 194 1 837
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or \$40,999 \$50,000 or more Medion Mean	2 096 1 148 1 275 3 362 4 043 6 711 3 795 1 711 \$24 567	783 1 631	85 226 180 181 628 677 1 348 806 363 \$26 570 \$29 304	241 511 303 333 781 1 342 2 015 1 160 514 \$25 348 \$27 403	201 381 205 322 618 546 890 487 169 \$21 709 \$23 697	378 808 339 277 716 695 827 444 228 \$18 923 \$21 522	1 737 2 624 1 620 1 073 2 708 1 602 1 578 498 110 \$14 350 \$15 699	120 132 131 108 225 201 277 76 12 \$18 689 \$19 240	329 433 263 195 567 393 385 163 61 \$16 598 \$17 841	217 332 258 151 525 293 311 111 20 \$16 358 \$17 253	187 409 232 135 406 247 179 35 6 \$14 167 \$14 960	884 1 318 736 484 985 468 426 113 11 \$11 734 \$13 375

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estima	wner-occupied h		irodociion. To	in meaning or sy	mbois, see iiii			hausing units	endixes A dila	0)	
The SMSA	Total	l unit, detached or ottoched	2 or mare units	Mobile hame ar troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached ar attached	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	25 126 613	22 512 341	1 627 272	987	13 550	1 623 38	2 671	2 469	1 769 15	4 692 51	260	66
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	20 139	18 563	960	616	5 645	943	1 408	926	581	1 709	54	24
15 to 24 years	370 5 048	307 4 770	35 164	28 114	904 2 007	61 338	210 580	171 389	120 168	325 525	11 7	6
35 to 44 years	5 693 7 312 1 716	5 460 6 623 1 403	180 404 177	53 285 136	721 1 394 619	206 266 72	182 301 135	98 182 86	63 146 84	166 477 216	17 19	6 5 7
65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 623	1 265 28	220	138 15	3 298 843	300 44	320 94	484 155	511 148	1 650 395	18	15
25 ta 34 years 35 to 44 years	497 375	354 282	94 48	49 45	1 199 473	130	105 25	154 52	211 58	593 299	6	8
45 to 64 years65 years and over	389 303	356 245	28 34	5 24	514 269	58 37	51 45	62 61	82 12	256 107	5 7	Ē
Femole householder, na husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	3 364 41 440	2 684 15 350	21 73 23	233 5 17	4 607 640 1 067	380 15 83	943 104 184	1 059 231 219	677 117 219	1 333 167 350	188 6 7	27 - 5
35 to 44 years	471 1 097	429 879	23 122	19 96	597 914	83 53 87	168 225	135 234	101 79	133 267	, 7 13	9
65 years and over	1 315 44.2	1 011 43.6	208 49.5	96 53.9	1 389 35.6	142 38.5	262 36.3	240 33.8	161 33.1	416 34.9	155 73.4	13 45.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 257	2 718	316	223	6 194	582	1 120	1 050	907	2 436	68 72	31
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	7 711 4 793 5 367	6 977 4 407 4 968	405 110 253	329 276 146	4 515 1 460 773	547 248 74	851 240 251	814 261 209	530 169 134	1 688 422 83	72 120	13 - 22
1959 or earlier	3 998	3 442	253 543	13	608	172	209	135	29	63	Ξ	-
1 room 2 raoms	18 32	18 18	- 8	- 6	269 845	10 29	37	29 183	44 128	173 350	13 113	5
3 rooms	233 2 539 5 425	136 1 593 4 594	54 345 596	43 601 235	2 849 4 752 3 138	77 358 470	280 814 1 042	577 775	515 588 336	1 321 2 153	79 31	33 28
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more raams	6 341 10 538	5 943 10 210	302 322	96 6	1 043 654	306 373	371 127	664 181 60	94 64	580 91 24	18 - 6	-
MedianPLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.2	6.3	5.2	4.2	4.1	5.2	4.7	4.1	3.8	3.7	2.6	4.3
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	25 048 14 444	22 484 12 679	1 577 1 064	987 701	13 253 8 189	1 599 916	2 639 1 471	2 431 1 471	1 729 996	4 542 3 096	247 184	66 55 11
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	10 228 343 33	9 481 299 25	477 28 8	270 16	4 628 325 111	614 45 24	1 076 78 14	859 81 20	682 45 6	1 329 76 41	57 - 6	"-
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	78 33	28 5	50 28	=	297 163	24 24	32 19	38 18	40 21	150 74	13 7	=
0.51 to 1.00	45	23	22	_	119 8	Ī	13	12	19	69	6	-
1.51 or mareBEDROOMS	-	-	_	-	7	-	Ţ	-	-	7	-	-
None 1 2	18 905 5 176	18 640 3 792	172 704	93 680	325 4 222 6 250	10 163 642	6 601 1 197	42 999 884	57 687 656	191 1 572 2 777	19 186 48	14 46
34	12 232 5 728	11 503 5 557	523 163	206	2 238 422	537 205	766 92	513 24	267 91	142	48 7 -	6
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1 067	1 002	65	-	93	66	9	7	11	-	-	-
Less thon \$5,000	985 2 096 1 148	792 1 663 940	115 244 92	78 189 116	1 737 2 624 1 620	151 227 171	232 517 298	468 624 296	285 412 276	427 816 542	161 23 28	13 5 9
\$12,500 ta \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 275 3 362	1 075 2 879	115 316	85 167	1 073	150 345	315 639	120 480	157 320	318 902	7	13 15 11
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	4 043 6 711	3 642 6 247	226 315	175 149	1 602 1 578	172 265	311 267	267 197	148 131	670 700	23 18	11
\$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	3 795 1 711	3 645 1 629 \$25 342	134 70 \$18 811	16 12 \$15 625	498 110 \$14 350	111 31 \$16 450	92 - \$14 790	17 - \$11 204	26 14 \$11 698	252 65 \$16 347	\$4 483	\$13 654
Mean	\$24 567 \$26 717	\$27 563	\$20 976	\$16 898	\$15 699	\$18 537	\$15 517	\$12 666	\$13 598	\$17 647	\$8 391	\$13 253
Heating equipmentSteam or hat water system	25 121 10 772	22 507 9 932	1 627 820	987 20	13 539 5 072	1 612 632	2 671 962	2 469 944	1 769 683	4 692 1 753	260 92	66 6
Central warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	8 938 3 041 222	7 580 2 890 189	497 141 15	861 10 18	3 621 2 443 148	624 99 29	766 344 44	471 189 23	498 167 27	1 131 1 561 15	84 - 75 5	47 8 5
Other means	2 148 11 500	1 916 10 118	154 832	78 550	2 255 5 940	228 513	555 654	842 415	394 553	232 3 670	4 125	10
Centrol system	2 107 24 451	1 746 22 033	146 1 484	215 934	1 148 11 242	141 1 517	56 2 331	70 1 852	119 1 338	749 4 049	13 95	60
2 ar more	7 451 17 000 25 121	6 271 15 762 22 507	692 792 1 627	488 446 987	7 343 3 899 13 539	738 779 1 612	1 545 786 2 671	1 424 428 2 469	933 405 1 769	2 586 1 463 4 692	70 25 260	47 13 66
Utility gasBattled, tank, or LP gos	8 865 249	8 321 221	528 16	16 12	5 986 249	480 21	1 258 101	1 474	962 41	1 702	110	-
Fuel ail, kerasene, etc.	3 571 10 973	3 312 9 236	240 826	19 911	3 091 4 048	140 868	390 898	223 707	234 517	1 986 960	110 40	8 58
Other	1 463 25 121	1 417 22 507	17 1 627	29 987	165 13 532	103 1 605	24 2 671	2 469	1 769	4 692	260	66
Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	9 350 725 8 971	8 720 556 7 684	610 52 494	20 117 793	6 411 320 4 251	564 50 573	1 313 101 760	1 505 83 481	1 075 31 288	1 803 44 2 020	151 6 68	5 61
Fuel oil, kerasene, etc.	6 008 67	5 480 67	471	57 -	2 527 23	405 13	497	400	375	81.5 10	35	_
Family householder With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	22 113 13 019 4 938	20 209 12 290 4 627	1 1 79 484 202	725 245 109	7 647 4 137 2 210	1 153 679 361	1 953 1 194 585	1 370 860 487	912 557 280	2 158 816 479	67 20 7	34 11 11
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	1 539 760	1 284 673	162 39	93 48	1 734 1 297	171 89	585 513 379	387 332	291 253	349 232	13 7	10 5 5
With awn children under 6 years Nonfamily householder	127 3 013	109 2 303	13 448	5 262	501 5 903	36 470	107 718	164 1 099	95 857	94 2 534	193	32
Percent below poverty level	812 3.2	701 3.1	71 4.4	40 4.1	1 517 11.2	1 73 10.7	230 8.6	411 16.6	271 15.3	378 8.1	49 18.8	7.6

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

	[Doto ore estimo	tes based on o s	omple, see intro	oduction. For me	oning of symbols,	, see Introduction	n. For definition	is of terms, see	oppendixes A o	nd 8]	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	25 12 6 913	2 470	7 010 429	4 721 173	5 922 109	3 109 110	1 296 65	510 19	88 8	3.15 2.66	82 960 2 878
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms 9 definition	283 2 539 5 425 6 341 5 108 5 430 6.2	136 594 678 551 313 198 5.2	89 1 261 1 843 1 781 1 128 908 5.7	29 407 1 078 1 212 1 079 916 6.2	15 221 1 100 1 732 1 344 1 510 6.4	8 44 536 676 798 1 047 6.9	12 144 330 330 474 7.0	- 35 48 104 323 7.9	- 11 11 12 54 8.0	1.56 2.04 2.68 3.19 3.53 3.96	590 5 481 16 196 20 709 18 026 21 958
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25 048 24 672 343 33 78 78	2 440 2 440 - - 30 30 -	7 001 7 001 - - 9 9	4 706 4 706 - 15 15 -	5 922 5 907 7 8 - -	3 105 3 053 44 8 4 4	1 276 1 114 156 6 20 20	510 427 83 - - - -	88 24 53 11 -	3.16 3.12 6.27 5.58 2.50 2.50	82 703 80 094 2 371 238 257 257
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	22 512 1 627 987	1 860 389 221	5 970 566 474	4 338 246 137	5 612 217 93	2 953 109 47	1 224 60 12	472 35 3	83 5 -	3.29 2.25 2.07	74 796 5 752 2 412
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more Medion	20 564 78 304 771 1 670 4 340 5 387 5 431 1 616 773 1 194 \$55 200	1 631 	5 306 53 115 258 626 1 070 1 468 1 165 343 152 56 \$53 200	3 995 10 67 168 272 836 995 1 190 305 131 21 \$56 200	5 181 15 33 143 207 1 155 1 391 1 451 495 228 63 \$57 200	2 791 	1 138 - 36 80 229 282 334 115 51 11	445 3 3 38 46 115 159 47 37 - \$61 300	77 - - 5 16 25 6 14 11 - \$54 600	3.34 2.24 2.31 2.53 2.40 3.28 3.36 3.54 3.78 3.86	68 357 143 722 1 927 4 476 13 496 18 223 19 614 6 225 2 958 573
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income	25 126 \$24 567 21.3 22.3 15.4 812 \$3 290	2 470 \$9 611 33.7 35.3 31.1 250 \$2 958	7 010 \$22 360 19.8 21.9 15.7 202 \$2 600	4 721 \$26 202 20.6 22.2 12.2 104 \$2500—	5 922 \$26 728 21.9 22.6 12.2 162 \$5 118	3 109 \$28 184 20.6 21.4 10— 58 \$5 370	1 296 \$29 773 19.2 19.9 10.4 18 \$5 625	\$10 \$32 857 19.2 19.9 10— 13 \$7 679	\$8 \$30 000 22.4 22.4 5 \$8 750	3.15	82 960
Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	50+ 50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50 + 50 + 45.0	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	50+ 50+	45.0 45.0	•••	•••
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present ROOMS	13 550 1 534	4 704 -	4 496 1 049	2 061 254	1 277 104	631 64	209 39	121 18	51 6	1.96 2.23	29 887 3 936
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 6 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms 6 Median 9 Med	269 845 2 849 4 752 3 138 1 043 654 4.1	226 673 1 794 1 242 593 97 79 3.3	43 137 868 2 074 1 046 185 143 4.1	17 127 908 637 269 103 4.5	18 38 408 443 243 127 4.9	- 22 94 291 134 90 5.2	- 15 70 64 60 5.8	- - 11 34 38 38 5.9	24 13 14 5.6	1.10 1.13 1.29 2.05 2.43 3.39 3.52	315 1 033 4 171 10 192 8 392 3 586 2 198
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more UNITS IN STRUCTURE	13 253 12 817 325 111 297 282 8 7	4 529 4 529 - 175 175	4 412 4 376 - 36 84 77 - 7	2 054 2 037 17 - 7 7	1 260 1 204 38 18 17 17	625 509 94 22 6 6	201 124 77 - 8 - 8	121 38 72 11 - - -	51 27 24 - -	1.98 1.93 5.68 4.57 1.35 1.31 6.00 2.00	29 367 27 060 1 829 478 520 456 52 12
1, detoched or ottoched	1 623 2 671 2 469 1 769 4 692 260 66	349 579 933 643 2 001 174 25	448 809 753 589 1 807 55 35	327 645 277 232 562 18	235 335 318 187 189	114 222 137 69 83 - 6	70 47 44 25 23	42 27 7 24 21	38 7 - 6 -	2.54 2.44 1.90 1.91 1.69 1.25 1.73	4 453 6 902 5 488 3 853 8 702 371 118
\$pecified renter-occupied housing units	13 367 463 516 1 083 1 759 2 551 2 922 1 910 1 266 596 301 \$303	4 661 380 326 621 778 769 906 447 254 55 125 \$263	4 428 60 79 291 546 905 1 124 728 460 135 100 \$313	2 014 16 25 58 248 497 425 376 221 104 44 \$317	1 272 7 61 50 145 194 306 218 192 85 14 \$328	611 	209 - 6 17 - 35 53 15 36 41 6 \$341	121 - - - - 7 47 19 44 4 4 \$424	51 9 13 29 - \$500+	1.96 1.11 1.29 1.37 1.69 2.06 1.99 2.20 2.32 3.55 1.75	29 465 567 962 1 921 3 268 5 562 6 404 4 754 3 286 2 088 653
All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion grass rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income Median grass rent as percentage of household income	13 550 \$14 350 25.1 1 517 \$3 584 50+	4 704 \$9 517 29.7 611 \$2 873 50+	4 496 \$16 851 22.9 345 \$3 483 50+	2 061 \$17 483 22.5 22.7 \$4 124 50+	1 277 \$16 833 23.6 169 \$5 028 50+	\$16 750 26.8 101 \$5 841 50+	\$17 250 22.2 28 \$9 250 31.9	\$17 331 29.6 22 \$8 750 50+	\$16 307 30.6 14 \$2500— 50+	1.96 1.93	29 887

Table A — 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

Lotor or estimotes based on a sompte, see immodified-co. 15 to 24
370 5 048 5 693 7 312
208 1 081 453 2 640 92 1 093 890 1 721 981 986 1 721 988 990 1 721 981 981 981 981 982 982 983 18115 25 142 24 992
370 5 048 5 684 7 286 - 48 161 148 - 9 26 - 9 26
255 4 516 5 007 5 966 257 4 239 4 815 4 553 258 4 239 4 815 1 916 259 1 250 1 158 386 259 1 250 1 158 386 259 1 250 1 158 386 250 1 250 1 158 386 250 1 250 1 158 386 250 1 250 1 158 386 250 1 250 1 158 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 413 250 1 250 1 250 250 1 250 250 1 250 1 250 250 1 250 250 1 250 250 1 250 250 1 250 25
2 007 721 1
467 682 136 670 670 130 596 146 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150
890 1 990 701 1 388 17 107 110 51 14 17 20 6
904 1 986 699 1 373 233 471 110 284 207 280 141 286 67 141 57 140 129 246 67 124 55 102 84 73 22.3 21.8 23.2 20.7

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Male hous				on. For deman		Female hau		1	
The SMSA	Total -	Tatal	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 ta 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and aver	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 470	861	16	287	195	145	218	1 609	12	137	59	507	894
PLUMBING FACILITIES Camplete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 440 30	847 14	16	283 4	195	145	208 10	1 593 16	12	132 5	- 59 -	507	883 11
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home ar troiler, etc	1 860 389 221	651 119 91	- 6 10	197 62 28	145 21 29	134 11	175 19 24	1 209 270 130	12	96 41	48 7	390 71 46	675 139 80
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 less than \$5 000	541	105	6	_	8	16	75	436	-	_	-	93	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	738 248 145 352	137 59 55 167	6 4 -	13 28 20 65	15 11 23 48	16 4 5 32	87 12 7 22	601 189 90 185	- - 12	22 29 21 26	13 11 8 12	175 74 37 104	343 391 75 24 31
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	162 188 66	101 163 53	=	76 51 25	4 66 14	12 40 14	6	61 25 13	=	27 6 6	iŝ - -	19 5 -	14 7
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	30 \$9 611 \$13 133	21 \$17 141 \$19 692	\$8 333 \$6 618	\$21 122 \$22 823	\$19 432 \$26 529	519 896 \$22 374	\$6 735 \$8 633	\$7 309 \$9 622	\$16 250 \$15 805	\$14 583 \$16 295	\$14 219 \$14 886	\$9 541 \$10 077	\$5 919 \$7 911
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 631	567	_	161	125	122	159	1 064	_	72	37	337	618
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 ta \$249	791 53 37	406 6 30	Ξ	155	121 _ _	94 6 16	36 - 14	385 47 7	Ξ	72 - -	29 5 -	158 22 7	126 20
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	92 82 88	47 13 18	=	7 8 8	19 - 5	17 5 5	4 -	45 69 70	Ξ	14 6 6	- 13 5	8 36 32	23 27 19
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	227 75 106 31	138 58 65 31	=	45 31 39 17	63 5 21 8	18 16 5 6	12 6 -	89 17 41	=	35 5 6	6	26 6 21	23 - 14
Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50	\$419 840 -	\$448 161	=	\$531 6 —	\$433 4	\$380 28	\$375 123	\$367 679	=	\$433 	\$387 8 -	\$359 179	\$337 492 -
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	19 42	14. 5	=	Ξ	Ξ	=	14 5	5 37	=	=	Ξ	5	37
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	71 350 255 103	15 47 49 31	=	- - - 6	4	. 14 7	8 29 42 25	56 303 206 72	=	=	- 8	8 97 43 26	48 206 155
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$191	\$199	Ξ	\$250+	\$175	\$1 7 5	\$207	\$190	=	=	\$225	\$189	46 \$189
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With o mortgoge	33.7 35.3 31.1	28.3 29.5 24.8	=	29.5 29.8 22.5	26.4 26.7 10—	22.1 29.0 12.2	41.7 50+ 28.2	37.8 50 + 34.2	=	32.5 32.5	31.5 27.9 37.5	32.8 40.9 24.2	44.4 50+ 37.5
Income in 1979 below poverty level	250 10.1	49 5.7	6 37.5	-	8 4.1	16 11.0	19 8.7	201 12.5	Ξ	Ξ	37.5 - -	84 16.6	117 13.1
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	4 704	2 235	459	735	360	432	249	2 469	219	348	103	602	1 197
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4 529 175	2 149 86	448 11	710 25	348 12	413 19	230 19	2 380 89	219	342 6	103	566 36	1 150 47
1, detached or attoched	349 579 933	171 209 352	12 61 116	67 46 104	12 19 37	52 38 40	28 45 55	178 370 581	32 91	13 9 76	6 4 23	49 126 181	110 199 210
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	643 2 001 174	324 1 159 12	63 207	145 373	44 240 -	65 232 5	7 107 7	319 842 162	35 61	76 174 —	11 59	44 180 13	153 368 149
Mobile home ar trailer, etc. HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 174	222	40	- 14	8	- 56	100	17 952	- 27	40	13	9	745
Less thon \$5,000_ \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 308 729 302	556 393 163	198 107 56	114 125 63	31 59 25	123 90 6	90 12 13	752 336 139	135 22 24	80 88 59	18 11 38	253 123 18	266 92 -
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	618 225 252	441 187 183	33 25 -	243 82 88	110 25 65	40 48 30	15 7 -	177 38 69	11 - -	52 23 6	5 6 6	60 9 12	49 - 45
\$55,000 or mare	65 31 \$9 517 \$11 176	65 25 \$12 160 \$14 430	\$9 818 \$10 168	\$16 022 \$15 877	16 17 \$17 702 \$20 240	31 8 \$11 028 \$14 815	12 - \$6 004 \$8 951	57 006 \$8 231	\$8 317 \$8 221	\$11 534 \$11 816	6 \$13 125 \$14 932	\$8 683 \$9 016	\$4 404 \$6 219
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	4 661	2 220	459	735	360	426	240	2 441	219	342	103	586	1 191
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	380 326 621	80 132 281	12 22 58	20 61	11 53	20 41 67	44 38 42	300 194 340	13	5 22	- - 4 14	15 41 134	285 148 167
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349	778 769 906 447	351 468 490 224	49 93 118 69	142 193 189 71	25 99 65 49	84 76 92 24	51 7 26 11	427 301 416 223	61 85 50 10	70 74 103 43	14 14 36 28	142 60 108 66	140 68 119 76
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or mare No cash rent	254 55 125	133 28 33	26 12	42 7 6	52 6 -	6 8 8	7 7 7	121 27 92	Ξ	18 - 7	7 - -	_ _ 20	76 96 27 65
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	\$263	\$282	\$296	\$285	\$297	\$247	\$174	\$240	\$268	\$298	\$327	\$223	\$192
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	29.7 611 13.0	25.1 116 5.2	34.5 25 5.4	22.9 14 1.9	21.9 7 1.9	24.3 38 8.8	36.0 32 12.9	36.6 495 20.0	39.7 27 12.3	29.8 22 6.3	36.3 13 12.6	36.4 87 14.5	41.3 346 28.9

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitians af terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Tatal	Less than 2 manths	2 up ta 6 months	6 or more manths	The SMSA	Tatal	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	257	68	95	94	Vacant for rent housing units	643	365	140	138
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	12 27 68 64 48 38 5.8	- 10 21 14 12 11 5.7	12 11 27 18 12 15 5.4	- 6 20 32 24 12 6.2	1 room	13 41 164 207 153 42 23 4.0	13 36 68 137 78 22 11	- 54 33 44 - 9	- 5 42 37 31 20 3
PLUMBING FACILITIES					DI MARINE FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing far exclusive use Locking complete plumbing far exclusive use	238 19	68 -	83 12	87 7	PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use	636 7	358 7	140	138
BEDROOMS					BEDROOMS				
None	3	3	_	_					
23	78 145	19 42	37 43	22 60	Nane	13 218	13 133	63	22
4	31	4	15	12	2	275 119	159 55	43 25	73 39
5 ar more	-	-	-	-	4	13	=	9	4
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	5	5	-	-
1975 ta March 1980	188	37	90	61	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1970 to 1974	12 25	10 3	=	22	1975 to Morch 1980	75	32	29	14
1950 ta 1959 1940 to 1949	. 15	15	- 4		1970 ta 1974	166 84	91 81	9	66
1939 ar eorlier	13	3	ĩ	9	1950 to 1959	9	7-1	9	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1940 ta 1949 1939 or earlier	17 292	3 158	14 76	58
1, detached ar attached	218	60	70	88				, ,	
2 or more	33	5	22	6	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mabile hame or troiler	6	3	3	-	1, detached ar attached 2	55 179	31 54	21 43	3
HEATING EQUIPMENT					3 ond 4	91	50	7	82 34
Central heating system	241	58	95	88	5 ta 9 10 to 49	87 226	40 190	47 22	14
Other meons	16 -	10	-	6	50 or mare Mabile home or trailer	5	-	-	5
					Mubile florine of Trailer	_	-	_	_
PRICE ASKED	200	60		75	RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	200	-	65 -	/3	Specified vacant for rent housing units	643	365	140	138
\$10,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	- 3	- 3	-	_	Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	12 26	12 18		- 8
\$30,000 ta \$39,999	3	-	-	3	\$150 to \$199	56 156	45 77	_ 20	11 59
\$40,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	- 51	20	12	- 19	\$200 ta \$249 \$250 to \$299	148	87	54	7
\$60,000 ta \$79,999	94 28	33	36	25 10	\$300 ta \$399 \$400 or more	192 53	104	50 16	38
\$80,000 ta \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	21	4	14	18	Median	\$269	\$264	\$294	\$239
Medion	\$70 800	\$71 300	\$71 300	\$69 200					

Table A - 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Odia die esilii	dies basea (ni a sample,	, see innouc	chon. Tor I	nearing or sy	ilibuis, see ili	irradociidii. Po	deminions	7 Territo, 30	e appendixe	a A ond of		
		Price osked	—Specified	vacont far s	ale anly hav	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	vacant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 ar more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 ta \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	200	-	3	3	173	21	70 800	643	12	82	304	192	53	269
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing far exclusive useLocking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	181 19	Ξ	3	3	154 19	21 -	71 400 59 000	636 7	12 -	75 7	304	192	53 _	270 161
BEDROOMS														
Nane	- 3 26 145 26 -	- - - -	3 - - -	- 3 - -	23 139 11	- - 6 15	21 300 57 600 71 100 103 300	13 218 275 119 13 5	- 8 - 4 - -	13 20 41 8 -	130 111 54 9	51 101 40 -	9 22 13 4 5	169 252 286 269 218 450
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	145 12 22 10 4 7	- - - -	- - - - 3	- - - - 3	124 12 22 10 4	21 - - - -	72 800 72 000 54 200 77 500 85 000 30 800	75 166 84 9 17 292	- 8 - - 4	3 16 4 - - 59	11 52 35 9 8 189	31 88 37 - 9 27	30 10 - - - 13	388 313 296 263 303 238
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or mare Mobile hame ar trailer	200	- :::	3	3	173	21 	70 800 	55 588 —	4 8 -	- 82 -	19 285 —	12 180	20 33 -	319 266 -

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Date are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction, For meaning of symbols, see Introduction, For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato ore estimot	es bosed on	o sample, se	Introduction.	For meanin	g of symbols,	, see Introduc	tion. For def	initions of ter	ms, see oppen	dixes A ond B		
Nashua city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$7 9 , 9 99	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	10 920	51	235	482	1 094	2 516	3 001	2 662	571	247	61	53 200	55 600
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Martied-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years ————————————————————————————————————	8 796 172 2 044 2 395 3 360 825 648 114 2002 141 1 476 9 173 187 493 614	34 - 7 27 - 27 17 8 8 9 60.3	159 - 27 133 75 44 54 54 2 - 19 35 52 22 - 6 16 62.4	372 - 27 72 146 127 17 - - 8 8 9 93 - - 34 59 59,7	788 23 91 167 348 159 94 4 37 32 212 28 61 111	1 900 50 558 406 736 150 155 - 42 47 41 25 461 - 78 55 140 188 45.4	2 443 94 675 638 855 181 191 11 98 23 367 9 9 52 50 134 122	2 277 5 527 834 780 131 124 - 27 30 55 12 261 - 31 37 103 90 43.1	550 - 103 183 259 5 7 7 2 - - 14 - - 2 6 6	219 - 36 68 99 16 6 - - 6 22 - 7 15	54 - - 7 35 12 - - - - 7 7 - - 7 5 135 12 - 7 7 7	54 200 51 300 51 700 58 200 53 500 64 200 53 500 53 500 53 900 53 900 54 900 54 900 55 500 47 700 47 700 48 900 47 700 47	56 900 50 100 56 500 60 100 57 500 47 800 57 500 50 800 48 800 50 800 50 800 50 800 51 100 51 100 51 900 49 700 50 100
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 177 2 918 1 931 2 757 2 137	24 - 27	8 23 25 65 114	18 7 77 165 215	60 105 162 372 3 9 5	169 698 451 650 548	336 976 518 750 421	396 862 515 563 326	139 188 74 132 38	35 52 72 47 41	16 7 13 13 12	59 900 56 100 53 900 51 300 45 800	63 600 58 900 57 400 53 500 47 600
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	74 900 2 405 3 193 2 333 2 015 6.2	16 35 - - 4.8	9 91 49 51 8 27 4.9	4 57 163 135 57 66 5.6	234 383 263 130 78 5.3	26 305 875 831 380 99 5.6	10 133 652 1 157 711 338 6.1	19 64 224 730 837 788 6.9	- 15 7 166 383 7.9	- 9 7 21 210 8.5+	- - 12 23 26 7.3	44 500 42 000 47 200 52 400 57 800 69 400	45 300 40 600 46 300 52 400 60 200 73 400
BEDROOMS None	8 315 2 059 5 653 2 509 376	- 34 17 - -	9 126 85 15	30 136 209 81 26	49 353 546 125 21	105 588 1 363 421 31	65 545 1 7 9 7 534 60	57 250 1 370 879 106	- 14 174 328 55	- 6 60 119 62	- 7 32 7 15	42 500 46 700 47 300 53 100 61 400 69 500	42 500 46 200 46 100 54 500 63 800 76 300
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 566 1 424 3 482 1 692 580 2 176	24 - - - 27	22 29 28 38 28 90	8 91 108 42 233	40 43 243 237 65 466	105 222 909 493 222 565	443 441 1 13 9 496 107 375	696 470 866 250 76 304	206 102 141 57 - 65	38 65 65 7 40 32	16 20 - 6 - 19	62 800 58 900 53 400 49 500 47 100 44 600	66 000 63 300 55 700 50 300 51 200 47 900
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	475 852 525 563 1 393 1 733 3 089 1 592 698 \$24 763 \$26 324	9 33 9 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	51 45 6 - 50 66 14 3 - \$16 140 \$14 617	56 65 29 27 56 75 150 18 6 \$20 364 \$20 253	100 143 107 118 166 181 187 59 33 \$17 758 \$19 489	121 254 152 184 456 470 564 255 60 \$20 956 \$21 717	55 185 158 171 401 545 1 024 382 80 \$24 845 \$24 925	83 106 64 63 212 321 961 582 270 \$29 817 \$31 291	- 16 - 12 54 145 206 138 \$38 913 \$43 036	- - 33 21 24 80 89 \$40 708 \$49 690	5 - 7 20 7 22 \$34 273 \$48 974	42 400 46 100 47 000 47 700 49 500 51 200 55 500 61 800 73 100	41 800 45 100 46 000 47 900 51 000 51 600 57 700 65 000 79 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 percent 32 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Median Median	8 382 1 929 1 728 1 677 1 109 558 1 348 33 21.5 2 538 611 384 1195 169 131 404 26	15 - - 15 - 32.5 36 - 8 19 - - - 17.6	900 311 8 8 13 8 9 22.3 3 145 28 116 37 9 29 29 29 2 6	259 105 50 13 39 - 17.4 223 33 200 40 8 8 32 17.7	612 159 191 129 65 54 114 - 22.2 482 117 79 68 69 55 23 67 4 18.2	1 896 450 342 368 261 117 331 27 21.9 620 163 149 101 35 27 21 124	2 486 455 501 578 390 193 369 22.5 515 517 67 19 35 89 181 13 35 80 13	2 283 508 534 442 280 133 380 6 21.1 379 125 97 555 18 12 11 61 13.3	522 162 1660 61 72 25 42 25 49 49 49 49 11 11 19 - - - 13.6	184 53 31 36 20 8 36 21.1 63 15 22 17 - - - 9	35 6 9 - 13 7 - 31.0 26 7 7 7 - - - - - 14.3	54 600 54 100 56 600 54 900 54 900 54 500 53 800 46 500 46 500 46 500 47 700 42 500 47 000 42 500 47 000	57 500 57 600 59 600 56 100 57 300 59 600 55 700 48 000 49 200 51 200 54 900 46 400 46 400 47 600 47 800 38 600
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	10 911 181 9 - 10 920 10 478 5 103 948 384 3.5	51 - - 51 34 - - 9	235 	482 11 - 482 467 192 19 25 5.2	1 085 38 9 1 094 1 033 387 39 47 4.3	2 516 57 - 2 516 2 388 1 157 204 129 5.1	3 001 55 - 3 001 2 882 1 447 311 52 1.7	2 662 6 - 2 662 2 587 1 401 235 88 3.3	571 8 - 571 561 280 48 -	247 6 247 247 157 78 	61 : 61 : 61 : 28 : 14 :- 	53 200 44 700 32 500 53 200 53 300 54 700 55 500 46 900	55 600 49 800 32 500 - 55 600 55 900 58 000 64 200 45 700

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Doto ore estimot	tes based on o	somple, see In	troduction. Fo	r meoning of s	symbols, see Ir	ntroduction. Fo	or definitions of	f terms, see or	pendixes A on	d 8]	
Nashua city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 788	409	449	951	1 379	1 925	2 449	1 646	1 008	410	162	304
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	4 244	24	60	316	480	734	931	895	517	222	65	326
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	668 1 438	6	3 23	37 81	87 168	115 284 111	251 353 80	109 287	43 169	17 61	12	317 322 349 348 274 298 313 305 310 249 177 279 275 312 328 259 199
35 to 44 years	530 1 130	=	-	21 97	54 94	111 171	80 196	113 309	85 162	66 72	29	349 348
65 years and over	478 2 686	18 75	34 116	80 232	77 333 38	53 594	51 729	77 332 97	58 1 95	47	24 33	274 298
15 to 24 years	663 1 000	18 7	22 10	51 55	141	144 253 113	218 311	129	55 75	47 20 13	- 6	313 305
35 to 44 years	397 415	13	11 41	55 38 56 32 403 20	18 93	113 77	94 80	65 30 11	52 6	6 8	11	310 249
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	211 3 858	37 310	32 273	32 403	43 566	7 597	26 789	419	7 296	141	16 64	177 279
15 to 24 years	495 890	7	19 47	20 42 22	87 130	186 149	130 286	35 110	70	18 49 49		275 312
35 to 44 years	466 795	15	22 58	145	36 162	104 81	84 169	69 111	77 35	7	3 12	328 259
65 years and over	1 212 36.6	288 73.2	127 59.0	174 55.9	151 38.8	77 32.3	120 30.8	94 37.1	114 38.3	18 37.4	49 66.3	199
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	4 928	62	119	246	529	912	1 375	832	554	264	35	321
1975 to 1978	3 514 1 198	139 157	107	381 90	472 183	618 174	789 220	607 168	285 48	88 58	28	302
1960 to 1969	640 508	37 14	68 55	113 121	91 104	149 72	65	20	82 39	-	15 84	275 251 211
ROOMS	300	,,,	33	12.		,,			3,		~	
1 room 2 rooms	240 732	25 125	63 76	79 115	38 142	25 156	6 89	- 6	10	4	13	160 211
3 rooms4 rooms	2 304 3 745	167 65 27	75 98 85	264 223	418 448	524 598	1 134	266 746	17 354	39	8 40	276 319
5 rooms6 rooms	2 617 766	27	49	218 46	206 114	431 127	503 87	474 102	463 100	138 125	40 72 16	319 330 322 383
7 or more rooms Median	384 4.1	2.8	3 3.6	3.6	13 3.7	64 3.9	65 4.0	52 4.2	64 4.8	104 5.7	13 4.8	383
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979			2.0									
All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 788 10 551	409 382	449 383 235	951 911	1 379 1 367	1 925 1 893	2 449 2 426	1 646 1 609	1 008 1 008	410 410	1 62 162	304 305
0.50 or less	6 609 3 592	317 65	235 148	654 251	857 480	1 044 769	1 536 822	979 550	680 275	173 204	134 28	305 304 304 360 292 164 205
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	279 71	=	<u>-</u>	6	16 14	52 28	50 18	80	42 11	33	-	360 292
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	237 129	27 14	66 41	40 7	12 12	32 12	23 23	37 20	_	_	-	205
0.51 to 1.00	93 8 7	6 - 7	25 -	33	=	12 8	Ξ	17 -	-	Ξ	=	158 288 50
Income in 1979 below poverty level	1 355	156	189	148	189	195	158	160	69	38	53	245
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	1 300 66	135	170	141	189	187	158	160 16	69 9	38 21	53	248 391
1.01 or more persons per room	55 15	21 7	19 -	7	=	8	_	_	_	_	_	111 277
BEDROOMS None	289	36	70	91	44	38	6	_	_	4	_	162
1	3 494 4 950	292 71	181 92	441 288	660 533	775 737	703 1 457	311 1 028	75 612	14 57	42 75	162 262 325 339 331
3	1 741 241	10	82 24	117	119	338 37	239 26	249 42	290 31	265 31	42 75 32 13	339 331
5 or more	73	-	-	-	-	-	18	16	-	39	-	500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached	831	12	14	18	72	80	112	114	167	169	73 41	381 296
23 and 45 to 9	1 985 2 062 1 521	17 41	102 64 96	230 318	263 521	390 506	413 340 211	203 117	225 104	101 36 16	15	259
10 to 49 50 or mare	4 088 253	59 119 161	160 13	164 190	317 206	434 491 24	1 336	174 1 020	50 454	88	24	265 332 68 197
Mabile home or trailer, etc.	48	-	-	24	=	- 1	-	7	8	-	9	197
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	969	47	21	16	23	74	283	144	207	142	12	355
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 215 1 749	172 82	65 38	52 57	77 160	201 258	639 538	613 3/2	277 155	119 49	40	342 324
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	583 854	9 5	6 39	35 91	93 97	161 198	139 149	66 135	47 129	17 11	10	355 342 324 296 299 258
1939 or earlierSTORIES IN STRUCTURE	4 418	94	280	700	929	1 033	701	316	193	72	100	258
1 to 3	10 280 508	227 182	376	883 68	1 312 67	1 880 45	2 431 18	1 628 18	983 25	410	150 12	308 145
With elevator	284	166	73 33	37	37	ĩĩ	- "-	-	-	-		70
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	1 651 1 855	107 102	80 64	178 112	325 181	387 393	293 430	187 310	63 171	31 92	:::	276 309
20 to 24 percent	1 799 1 238	112 53	47 34	143 126	221 142	287 130	462 314	235 247	245 156	47 36		310 321
30 to 34 percent	839 1 554	12 11	44 70	75 120 197	88 167	188 247	265 385	94 261	52 177 122	21 116	:::	321 302 321 296 296
50 percent or mare Not computed Medion	1 620 232 24.9	6 6 19.6	110 - 29.9	26.7	249 6 24.1	269 24 23.0	293 7 25.6	296 16 26.7	133 11 25.6	67 - 29.9	162	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS												
Heating equipment Central heating system	10 788 8 864	409 357	449 318 66	951 664	1 379 945 279	1 925 1 406	2 449 2 216	1 646 1 513	1 008 897	410 404	1 62	304 315
Air conditioning Central system	4 866 1 010	109 13	66 12	664 265 22	279 53	660 106	1 599 304	1 122 230	509 116	204 148	53 6	332 349

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	Household income in 1979												
Nashua city				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
reasiled dify	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	to \$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	to \$24,999	to \$34,999	to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	13 603	611	1 232	724	705	1 750	2 170	3 652	1 875	884	24 120	26 037	473
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			. 202									20 000	
Married-couple families	10 463 213	145	573	385 15	491 8	1 347 72	1 823 70	3 221 43	1 709	769	26 157 20 325	28 513 19 958	182
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	2 308 2 723	19 20	43 59	20 45	121 113	383 308	584 484	864 1 014	208 494	66 186	24 863 27 982	25 931 29 849	28 50 79
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	4 134 1 085	71 35	164 302	141 164	113 136	430 154	621 64	1 124 176	1 001	469 48	29 546 13 263	32 496 17 159	79 25 67
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 013 33	109	85 2	61 9	68	174	161	216 11	98 5	41	20 304 12 361	22 776 20 149	6
25 to 34 years	355 179	13	7	33	20 14	71 53	88 13	85 47	31 18	14 14	22 025 20 781	24 030 30 734	13
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	263 183	23 61	20 49	15	12 22	33 17	41 19	73	44	13	24 875 6 815	25 276 9 441	23 19
Female householder, no husband present	2 127 30 295	357 _ 21	574 95	278 - 57	146 14	229 12 19	186 4 48	215 14 11	68	74 	11 192 24 375 11 382	15 407 22 360 16 530	224 - 41
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	270 270 689	11 93	57 143	40 82	49 57	32 117	31 78	14 98	17	19 12	13 878 13 662	19 833 15 204	19 89
65 years ond over	843 46.5	232 67.0	279 65.3	99 59.3	26 48.4	49 42.9	25 39.3	78 42.0	23 46.7	32 48.4	7 594	13 514	75 57.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	40.0	0	65.0	27.0		-2.7	• ,,,,	12.0		10.1	•••		53.5
1979 to Morch 1980	1 759 3 750	31 92	99 213	91 83	67 152	247 553	344 640	494 1 289	255 470	131 258	25 008 25 851	27 546 28 089	34
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 300 3 133	55 128	184 208	116 195	115 154	272 404	471 419	637 790	314 606	136 229	24 196 25 554	26 210 27 345	104 72 95
1959 or earlier	2 661	305	528	239	217	274	296	442	230	130	15 633	20 456	168
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	13 560	607	1 220	711	705	1 745	2 170	3 652	1 866	884	24 140	24 043	470
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	225 43	- 4	5 12	7	14	12	61	76	32	18	24 149 26 350 11 058	26 061 28 148 18 289	473
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment	13 603	611	1 232	724	705	1 750	2 170	3 652	1 875	884	24 120	26 037	473
Central heating systemAir conditioning	12 963 6 693	605 230	1 108 436	705 265	669 361	1 639 795	2 013 1 016	3 515 1 909	1 838 1 071	871 610	24 381 26 016	26 263 28 945	460 165
Central system	1 556 13 094	33	100 1 050	75 695	50 669	190 1 703	272 2 160	406 3 645	241 1 875	189 874	26 021 24 655	32 001 26 683	27 374
1 2 or more	4 591 8 503	423 323 100	812 238	454 241	362 307	826 877	768 1 392	777 2 868	191 1 684	78 796	17 046 28 518	18 612 31 041	228 146
House heating fuelUtility gas	13 603 7 177	611 259	1 232 477	724 283	705 355	1 750 876	2 170 1 219	3 652 2 020	1 875 1 153	884 535	24 120 25 466	26 037 27 275	473 253
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	1 122	34	.3 .53	5 55	25	12 146	148	340	196	125	17 188 27 066	25 941 33 113	44
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	4 981 286	318	668 31	376 5	303 22	655 61	735 64	1 219	493 28	214 _ 6	21 140 21 622	22 851 22 684	172
Median rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	6.0 10 920	5.1 475	5.3 852	5.3 525	5.4 563	5.7 1 393	5.9 1 733	6.2 3 089	6.7 1 592	7.1 698	24 763	26 324	5.5 384
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	10 720	475	002	323	500	1 373	1 733	0 00,	1 3/2	0,0	14 705	10 014	304
OWNER COSTS	8 382	202	410	265	348	1 037	1 497	2 632	1 405	586	26 343	28 189	239
With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	99 260	13 18	410 17 58	15 16	10 13	16 16 17	23 83	5 38	1 405	-	13 625 20 571	14 266 18 393	13
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	737 972	31	55 66	48 12	66 50	125 171	141 160	195 210	65 215	11 45	22 014 24 286	21 980 26 526	27 48
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	1 117 2 259	43 27 47	50 70	56 76	45 117	168 267	186 417	362 804	162 348	61 113	25 359 25 947	26 720 27 296	31 58
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	1 430 1 088	12	75 19	24 11	8 27	151 111	312 115	494 422	230 239	124 133	26 704 30 492	29 834 34 030	36 17
\$750 or more	420 \$443	\$345	\$359	7 \$387	12 \$389	11 \$406	60 \$434	102 \$465	129 \$467	99 \$551	34 094	40 249	\$386
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	2 538	273	442	260	215	356	236	457	187	112	16 421	20 166	145
\$50 to \$74		18	8	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	<u> </u>	6 250 2 500	6 010 3 183	- 9
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	72 192	20 13	44 28	29	34	18	8 10	46	14	_	6 333 14 412	8 109 18 146	- 8
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	879 787	160 54	135 155	107 85	107 45	145 137	101 66	99 174	25 64	7	13 376 17 004	14 509 18 734	91 19
\$250 or more Median	582 \$206	\$177	72 \$202	39 \$197	29 \$184	56 \$205	51 \$200	138 \$224	84 \$24 3	105 \$250+	27 679	33 522	18 \$180
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent	8 382 1 929	202	410	265	348	1 037	1 497	2 632	1 405	586 464	26 343 38 987	28 189	239
15 to 19 percent	1 728 1 677	Ξ	- 8	31	16	22 75 282	157 288 396	524 838 767	762 394 140	117 5	30 239 25 634	43 320 31 991 25 560	=
25 to 29 percent	1 109 558	=	12 53	18 36	48 87 44	197 142	361 160	352 115	82 8	-	23 308 20 099	23 741 19 763	=1
35 percent or moreNot computed	. 1 348	169 33	337	180	153	319	135	36	19	Ξ	12 333 2500—	12 770	206 33
Median	21.5 2 538	50 + 273	50 + 442	42.3	32.6	28.5	23.8 236	19.7	14.5 187	11.2 112	16 421	20 166	50 + 145
Less than 10 percent	618 611	-	12	260	215 - 56	356 18 199	80 126	457 257 187	151 31	112	32 580 21 552	39 815 22 621	-
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	384 195	- 9	26 29	105 92	97 50	108 15	30	13	5	=	14 072 11 617	15 098 11 425	=
25 to 29 percent	169 131	16 4	109 80	25 38	12	7 9	-	-	Ξ	-	8 613 8 844	9 021 8 800	Ξ
35 percent or moreNot computed	404 26	218 26	186	_	=	_	-	=	-	Ξ	4 778 2500—	5 075	119 26
Medion	15.4	50+	32.8	21.4	17.7	14.0	11.5	10	10-	10—		•••	50+

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
Nashua city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	10 886	1 532	2 103	1 219	853	2 126	1 211	1 331	419	92	14 226	15 645	1 355
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	4 299 668 1 455 538 1 136 502 2 701 663 1 000 397 421 220 3 886 495 663 1 1218	143 14 355 47 366 111 223 40 21 12 62 88 1 166 140 131 73 110 712 66.3	597 1000 112 12 147 226 495 182 97 31 103 82 1 011 158 202 144 283 224 45.8	386 74 119 43 81 107 107 105 32 2 76 42 177 496 42 177 42 130 105 34.5	416 99 132 66 60 59 182 84 69 17 7 6 6 255 24 7 72 22 32.5	1 034 126 514 127 225 571 103 281 115 57 15 521 64 66 61 163	709 176 260 62 175 36 353 79 174 55 45 	755 68 221 143 270 53 3711 48 217 81 125 	242 5 5 38 134 6 6 112 15 22 32 31 112 65 17 8 12 12	17 6 3 - 8 57 5 14 22 216 18 6 6 6 6	17 399 16 526 17 950 20 440 10 507 15 949 12 574 18 632 19 652 11 497 5 902 8 894 10 952 11 624 10 952 10 240 4 561	18 810 17 307 18 897 20 168 21 419 13 196 17 473 14 319 19 530 23 319 16 655 8 644 10 872 11 10 12 901 13 036 12 190 7 371	223 36 73 47 56 11 146 33 21 7 44 41 986 210 182 99 123 372 43.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	4 949 3 554 1 206 640 537	535 463 246 120 168	866 608 299 202 128	611 409 106 75 18	453 219 106 40 35	1 019 824 165 53 65	658 437 47 54 15	604 425 134 83 85	134 160 89 13 23	69 9 14 - -	15 047 15 423 11 368 9 955 7 348	16 293 15 952 14 657 13 010 12 997	586 419 182 59 109
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	10 643 6 676 3 617 279 71 243 135 93 8 7	1 452 1 123 300 29 - 80 48 32 -	2 038 1 495 483 42 18 65 26 32 7	1 188 811 350 27 - 31 17 6 8	840 487 336 17 - 13 13 - -	2 102 1 093 889 86 34 24 12 -	1 194 632 533 23 6 17 6	1 318 750 545 18 5 13 13 -	419 230 162 19 8 - -	92 55 19 18 - - - -	14 415 12 219 16 817 15 914 16 287 7 824 9 187 6 450 11 250 6 250	15 776 14 628 17 563 19 719 17 179 9 892 10 450 9 285 10 565 6 440	1 300 766 468 54 12 55 33 7 8 7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Medican rooms Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 880 8 945 4 914 1 031 8 746 5 947 2 799 10 880 5 661 158 2 169 2 849 43 4.1	1 532 1 200 330 52 523 435 88 1 532 824 14 233 461 - 3.6	2 103 1 542 780 123 1 486 1 276 210 2 103 1 199 37 316 529 22 3.9	1 219 979 469 101 1 008 843 165 1 219 623 12 179 401 4.0	853 694 383 69 780 574 206 853 403 12 229 209 - 4.1	2 126 1 815 1 003 180 2 022 1 369 653 2 126 1 193 17 409 490 17 4.2	1 211 1 041 726 160 1 144 671 473 1 211 627 53 259 272 4.3	1 325 1 178 862 205 1 290 569 721 1 325 595 13 372 345 4.4	419 404 300 110 401 168 233 419 183 - 132 104 - 4.3	92 92 61 31 92 42 50 92 14 40 38 5.0	14 217 15 148 17 485 19 797 16 369 14 327 20 897 14 217 13 645 15 833 16 570 12 901 9 911 	15 636 16 316 18 604 21 533 17 643 15 497 22 202 15 636 14 770 18 261 15 440 11 545 	1 355 1 030 240 46 607 484 123 1 355 844 7 7 153 351 4.0
CONTRACT RENT Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$344 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	690 1 112 1 421 1 961 1 718 1 990 1 101 590 43 162 \$254	380 342 224 255 83 81 90 11 - 60 \$151	167 364 384 473 319 225 131 11 - 14 \$211	25 113 203 229 249 251 76 18 - 21 \$253	42 48 101 186 156 186 92 34 - - \$263	49 138 237 421 439 487 195 114 15 16 \$275	14 66 140 173 182 325 173 112 - 18 \$303	13 27 102 179 233 336 234 159 13 23 \$314	- 14 30 37 54 92 82 93 7 10 \$338	- - - 8 3 7 28 38 8 8	4 737 7 893 11 262 12 816 15 558 17 602 19 225 24 773 27 321 10 833	6 917 9 818 12 941 14 172 16 334 18 428 20 363 27 193 34 863 13 940	231 214 214 292 141 112 84 14 - 53 \$189
GROSS RENT Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	409 449 951 1 379 1 925 2 449 1 646 1 008 410 162 \$304	300 210 248 222 191 85 127 55 28 60 \$195	74 158 332 368 392 385 237 101 27 14 \$263	16 28 130 187 220 349 191 24 19 21 \$300	6 21 61 118 134 288 100 92 25 - \$314	6 25 107 237 488 581 364 206 81 16 \$316	7 7 45 133 168 345 247 209 18 \$334	21 106 248 336 240 253 92 23 \$341	- 7 - 84 80 102 55 81 10 \$366	- - 8 - - 38 13 33 - \$400	4 082 5 370 8 397 11 330 15 233 15 963 16 981 20 657 25 076 10 833	4 952 6 618 9 677 13 020 15 727 16 876 18 735 20 949 26 479 13 940	156 189 148 189 195 158 160 69 38 53 \$245
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	1 651 1 855 1 799 1 238 839 1 554 1 620 232 24.9	19 89 104 53 42 132 957 130 50+	58 71 117 248 221 715 644 14 42.0	38 55 206 133 274 439 19 21 32.7	47 71 167 218 213 129 - - 28.2	194 482 716 499 77 127 - 16 22.6	247 508 355 58 5 12 - 18 18.4	640 486 134 29 7 - - 23 15.1	324 85 - - - - 10 12.1	84 8 - - - - - 10—	28 241 21 450 17 176 14 622 11 428 9 608 4 431 4 327	29 285 21 390 16 558 13 727 11 228 9 632 4 555 9 693	35 59 75 68 22 97 876 123 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample, see Intraduction. For meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Outd die estilité	oles bosed ull o	somple, see iiiii	duction. For in	ediling of Symbo	ils, see intraduct	idii. Ydr deiriilik	2015 UT TETTINS, SE	e appellaixes A	ond of	
Nashua city	Tatol	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ta \$299	\$300 ta \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 ta \$599	\$600 ta \$749	\$750 ar more	Median (dallors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	8 382	99	260	737	972	1 117	2 259	1 430	1 088	420	443
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person 2 persons	510 1 833	35 38	32 115 23	77 163 172	54 280 170	66 236	132 403	43 265	48 260	23 73	393 418
3 persons	1 706 2 293	35 38 15	23 81	172 172	170 221	236 262 332	466 699	265 333 387	203 272	62 118	440
5 persons6 persons6	1 256 532	_	- 9	102 46	221 128 91	1 121	403 111	231 107	180 71	91 14	451 470 419
7 persons	216 36	_	_	5	23	83 12 5	45	52 12	40 14	39	544 567
Median	3.56	1.88	2.35	3.25	3.39	3.48	3.68	3.69	3.62	3.94	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	7 161 140	57	170	588 8	815	929	1 956 59	1 305 42	953 31	388	450 507
25 ta 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 997 2 289	8 8	4	66 159	143 207	225 261	687 680	445 426	287	132 151	479 46 8
45 ta 64 years65 years ond aver	2 506 229	38 3	43 90 33 3 8	285 70	426 39	406 37 47	6 8 0 519 11	370 22	354 272 9	100	401 311
Male householder, no wife present	505 13	ŏ	38	83	57	4 7	114	50	87	23	417
15 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years	165	-	Ξ	4	29	8	42	2 16	49	* 17	430 499
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	114 164	6	29	28 34 17	15 13	34 5	28 21	10 16	33 5	6	425 350 296
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	49 716	36	52	66	100	141	12 189	6 75	48	9	387
15 ta 24 years 25 ta 34 years	9 148	_	6	12	12	36	53	23	5 6	_	615 412
35 to 44 years	160 271	_ 21	11 29	10 21	15 43	36 20 50	41 72	40 12	14 23	9 -	433 371
65 years ond over	128 41.4	15 60.5	6 54.5	23 48.7	43 30 47.1	31 45.1	23 38.5	38.4	38.7	38.9	333
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to Morch 1980	1 142	8	4	28	35	69	154	227	403	214	617
1975 to 1978	2 728 1 762	6 -	10 14	76 116	138 204	222 415	1 068 604	691 233	417 114	100	4 8 6 420
1960 ta 1969 1959 ar earlier	2 159 591	44 41	149 83	41 8 99	514 81	329 82	345 88	216 63	111 43	33	346 345
ROOMS											
1 tg 3 rooms	55	-	_6		_	6	13	11	19		523
4 raams5 rooms	514 1 819	41 27	54 99	78 294	58 311	77 299	130 45 8	41 205	24 111	11	367 3 8 0
6 rooms 7 rooms	2 448 1 837	18 6	76 6	242 102	304 189	432 165	674 567	415 405	224 322	63 75	418 4 8 0
8 ar more rooms Medion	1 709	7 4.8	19 5.2	21 5.5	110 5.9	138 5.9	417 6.3	353 6.6	388 7.0	256 7.9	540
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	0.2	4.0	5.2	3.3	3.7	5.7	0.0	0.0	7.0		
1975 ta Morch 1980	1 491	6	4	37	44	115	336	408	352 251	189	550 477
1970 to 1974 1960 ta 1969	1 309 3 147	20	12 94 62	78 326 120	74 540	133 496	441 870	241 431	268	79 102	411
1950 ta 1959 1940 ta 1949	1 085 309	20 16	62 36 52	120 36	171 15	168 55	238 85	167 24	113 36	26	401 397
1939 or earlier	1 041	37	52	140	128	150	289	159	68	18	404
VALUE	,,,			_							0.47
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 ta \$19,999	15 90	11	8 6	36	13		8	16 28	_	_	247 289
\$20,000 ta \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	259 612	27 34	52 6 8 74	24 116	18 88 351	54 128 322	56 111 590	28 67 227	_		358 350 387
\$40,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$59,999	1 896 2 486	5 22	74 43	282 211	351 276	322 422	590 765	227 414	45 278	- 55	3 8 7 436
\$60,000 ta \$79,999 \$80,000 ta \$99,999	2 283 522	-	9	61	197 20	1 8 6	617 106	553 101	506 201	154 89	513 622
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	184 35	_	-	_	9	=	6	18	58	93 29	750 + 750 +
Medion	\$54 600	\$33 400	\$39 400	\$47 000	\$50 500	\$51 200	\$53 900	\$59 100	\$64 600	\$80 200	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less thon 15 percent	1 929	44	144	322	422	347	369	171	83	27	355
15 to 19 percent	1 728 1 677	10 23	17 23	133 123	422 224 142 57	281 206	578 566	249 333	169	67 38	430
25 ta 29 percent	1 109 558	6	6 37	43 43 66	57 12	110 40	261 101	287 159	223 250 109	89 54	525 527 489
35 percent ar mare	1 348 33	13	33	66 7	103	133	376	225	254	145	489 340
Median	21.5	17.7	14.4	16.6	16.3	18.8	21.6	24.4	26.4	29.4	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Steam or hot water system	8 382 4 007	99 51	260 106	737 343	972 494	1 117 629	2 259 961	1 430 648	1 088 544	420 231	443 436
Centrol worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	3 484 522	29	141	343 325 11	374 27	421 49	1 063 141	5 8 0	415 95	136	436 445 518
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoceOther means	54 315	14	5	53	6 71	18	5 89	12 48	7 27	7/	325 409
Air conditioning	4 097	55	101	273	585	518	1 073	780	545 159	167	446 483
1 ar more individual room units	815 3 282	55 99	15 86	41 232	68 517	126 392	181 892	199 581	386	26 141	440
Utility gos	8 382 5 300	99 77	260 151	737 456	972 658	1 117 713	2 259 1 491	1 430 849	1 088 673	420 232	443 437
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	12 619	_	- 8	11	27	- 60	7 176	167	5 115	55	493 516
Fuel ail, kerasene, etcOther	2 268 183	22	101	245 25	245 42	334 10	524 61	382 32	282 13	133	436 421
					72	.0		72	.0		

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Data are estimates	s based on a somp	ole, see introducti	on. For meaning	or symbals, see i	introduction. For o	seminimons of term	is, see oppendixes	A and o	
Nashua city	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 538	-	8	18	72	192	879	787	582	206
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person 2 persons	488 1 200	_	- 8	9	28 44	42 90	221 425	142 387	46 237	187
3 persons	467	-	_	_	-	41	158	140	128	203 212 240
4 persons 5 persons	250 98		_	_	_	10	52 15	80 26	109 47	240 246
6 persons	29	_	Ξ,	=	Ξ.		8	12	9	227
7 persons	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	250+
8 or more persons	2.15	Ξ	2.00	1.50	1.68	2.10	2.01	2.15	2.56	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
	1 635		8		34	124	534	520	415	211
Married-couple families	32	. [-	_	34	124	5	12	415 15	211 246
25 to 34 years	47	-	-	-	-	-	31 15	5	11	188
35 to 44 years	106 854	Ξ	8	_	18	36 62	223 260	30 276	25 267 97	203
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	596	-	-	- 9	16	26	260	197	97	246 188 203 221 199 178
15 to 24 years	143	Ξ	_	_	10	26	47	39	12	1/8
25 to 34 years	13	-	-	-	-	- 1	7	-	6	196
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	38	<u> </u>	_			8	- 8	22		207
65 years and over	92	-	-	9	10	18	32	22 17	6	164 201
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	760	_		9	28	42	298	228	155	201
25 to 34 years	25	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	10	192
35 to 44 years	25 27 222		_	9		_ [14 85	13 84	44	198 210
65 years and over	486	=	_	~	28	42	184	131	101	197
Median age	63.9	-	62.5	60.0	69.3	63.9	66.0	62.9	60.8	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	35	_	-	_	-	5	20	4	6	181
1975 to 1978	190 169	=	·		8 4	17 17	48 24	60 69	57 55	218 229
1960 ta 1969	598	_	-	9	4	61	202 585	211	111	205 203
1959 ar earlier	1 546	-	8	9	56	92	585	443	353	203
ROOMS										
1 ta 3 rooms	19	_	-	9	_	-	6	-	4	154
4 raams	386	-	- 8	9	16	76	191	80	14	174
5 rooms6 rooms	586 745		-		21 10	45 38	212 272	240 246	60 179	201 211
7 rooms	496	-	-	-	.6	25	158	166	141	218
8 ar mare rooms Medion	306 5.9	=	5.0	3.5	19 5.5	8 4.9	40 5.6	55 5.8	184 6.7	250+
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 ta March 1980	75				8		14	14	37	240
1970 to 1974	75 115			=	4	9	14 21	16 42	37	248 228
1960 to 1969	335 607	-	-	9	7	22 36	106	112	86	214 218
1950 to 1959 1940 ta 1949	271	=	-	_	4 14	30	177 90	244 59	146 77	200
1939 or earlier	1 135	-	8	9	42	94	471	314	197	194
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	36	_	8	9	10	9	_	_	_	102
\$10,000 to \$19,999	145 223	-	-	9	10	18	82	26 54	-	172 180
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	482	Ξ			10 22	19 51	136 193	181	35	194
	620	-	-	- 1	16	89	275 131	148	35 92 · 130 190	187
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	515 379				4 -	6	62	244 127	190	224 250+
\$80,000 ta \$99,999	49	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	49	250+
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	63 26	-			_	_	_	7	63 19	250 + 250 +
Medion	\$46 300	Ξ	\$10000—	\$12 500	\$36 400	\$39 800	\$41 000	\$49 100	\$63 500	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	618	-	-	_	8	88	186	177	159	208
10 to 14 percent	611 384	=	8	-	4 26	34 29 7	186 206 161	188 95	171	214
20 ta 24 percent	195	_	=	9	6	7	47	94	73 32 32 35 80	193 215
25 ta 29 percent	169	-	-	-	24	13 8	61	39 41	32	189
30 to 34 percent	131 404	_	-	9	4	13	43 162	140	80	213 206
Not computed	26	-	,,,-		10 -	- 1	13	13	12.0	200
Median	15.4	-	12.5	32.0	19.6	11.2	16.3	16.2	13.9	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipmentSteam or hot water system	2 538 1 488	=	8	18	72	1 92 88	879 476	787 467	582 426	206 216
Centrol worm-air fumace or electric heat pump	827	-	8	-	22 32	56	319	283	129	200
Other built-in electric units	63	-	-	-	-	9	20	18	16	207 144
Floor, wall, ar pipeless fumace Other means	33 127	-	-	9	18	10 29	8 56	13	11	165
Air conditioning	1 006	-	-	-	16	62	56 308	304 32	316	219
Central system 1 or more individual room units	133 873	-	_	-	4 12	5 57	34 274	32 272	58 258	. 237
House heating fuel	2 538	-	8	18	72	192	879	787	582	206
Utility gos Bottled, tank, ar LP gas	977 9			=	47	124	313	304 4	189 5	201 250+
Electricity	70	-	-	_	_	9	20	18	23	217
Fuel ail, kerasene, etcOther	1 426 56	= [- a	18	25	59	503 43	461	360 5	212 173
	J0	_	٥	_	_	_	+3	_	J	173

Table B -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Owner-occupied hausing units						Renter-occupied housing units						
Nashua city	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 ta 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	
Occupied housing units	13 603	2 344	1 793	3 994	2 516	2 956	10 886	992	2 237	1 758	1 450	4 449	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	10 463 213 2 308 2 723 4 134 1 085 1 013 33 355 179 263 183 2 127 30 295 275 270 689 843 46.5	1 852 53 720 471 545 63 232 - 145 37 50 260 23 75 52 76 34 37.2	1 440 30 376 488 437 109 120 10 59 22 21 8 233 -62 63 55 55 53 40.5	3 369 44 681 1 152 1 331 161 207 11 49 40 71 36 418 - 62 64 203 89 44.2	1 894 23 253 256 1 048 314 191 2 52 42 44 51 431 48 32 196 151 55.0	1 908 63 278 356 773 438 263 263 38 777 88 8785 3 48 59 159	4 299 668 1 455 538 1 136 502 2 701 663 1 000 397 421 220 3 886 475 896 868 811 1 218	411 699 1899 58 600 355 245 766 86 61 114 8 336 11 128 54 66 77	885 131 273 79 278 124 586 158 232 114 53 29 766 75 206 101 121 263 36.3	667 104 187 105 217 54 564 567 257 54 108 49 527 27 157 44 86 213 37.2	571 162 205 55 113 36 299 114 119 24 16 26 580 142 120 78 88 88 152 30.0	1 765 202 601 241 468 253 1 007 219 306 144 230 108 1 677 240 245 189 450 450	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 759 3 750 2 300 3 133 2 661	928 1 416 - - -	215 633 945 —	301 954 773 1 966	139 318 278 644 1 137	176 429 304 523 1 524	4 949 3 554 1 206 640 537	813 179 - - -	1 087 764 386 -	740 709 221 88	571 526 132 143 78	1 738 1 376 467 409 459	
ROOMS 1 room	8 15 120 1 678 3 237 3 683 4 862 6.0	- 6 4 375 512 609 838 6.0	5 6 281 341 381 779 6.2	8 - 48 346 1 060 1 038 1 494 6.0	- 44 386 667 812 607 5.7	- 4 18 290 657 843 1 144 6.1	240 732 2 321 3 754 2 669 766 404 4.1	15 32 211 440 213 50 31 4.0	6 151 473 921 527 114 45 4.0	7 113 407 793 334 75 29 3.9	28 83 295 480 414 86 64 4.2	184 353 935 1 120 1 181 441 235 4.2	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50	13 560 7 949 5 386 192 33 43 24 19	2 344 1 477 853 14 - - - -	1 789 1 064 719 6 4 4	3 994 1 839 2 044 92 19 - - -	2 508 1 543 913 44 8 8 3 5 -	2 925 2 026 857 42 - 31 17 14 -	10 643 6 676 3 617 279 71 243 135 93 8 7	992 611 364 12 5 - - -	2 164 1 472 623 63 6 73 50 23	1 745 1 143 596 6 13 13	1 431 871 502 46 12 19 13 6	4 311 2 579 1 532 158 42 138 59 64 8 7	
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 ar more persons Median Total persons	1 549 4 139 2 554 2 907 1 524 930 2.94 43 188	235 831 464 530 216 68 2.73	152 483 354 495 217 92 3.24 5 804	236 915 776 1 018 655 394 3.57	352 881 437 462 169 215 2.56	574 1 029 523 402 267 161 2.38 8 604	3 994 3 598 1 589 949 476 280 1.90	306 389 166 84 26 21 1.99 2 091	816 820 244 200 84 73 1.87	747 518 311 141 28 13 1.75 3 430	513 470 231 106 81 49 1.95	1 612 1 401 637 418 257 124 1.94 9 939	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 and 4	11 853 687 142 76 285 – 560	1 974 13 6 32 208 -	1 527 25 	3 687 34 - 5 23 - 245	2 366 109 26 - 11 - 4	2 299 506 110 29 12 -	929 1 985 2 062 1 521 4 088 253 48	101 110 15 42 699 12	100 158 97 264 1 441 164 13	163 99 99 246 1 052 77 22	173 374 335 192 376	392 1 244 1 516 777 520	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House hearting fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	13 603 6 441 5 593 791 138 640 6 693 1 556 5 137 13 603 7 177 37 1 122 4 981 286 473 3.5	2 344 659 1 169 398 21 97 1 297 471 826 2 344 992 	1 793 668 815 230 111 69 997 307 690 1 793 1 095 7 7 279 369 43 56 3.1	3 994 2 084 1 645 104 15 146 2 195 558 1 637 3 994 2 950 10 121 840 73 131 3.3	2 516 1 331 986 45 33 121 1 197 173 1 024 2 516 42 62 1 559 65 93 3.7	2 956 1 699 978 14 58 207 1 007 47 960 2 956 1 314 16 26 1 558 42 164 5.5	10 880 4 144 3 026 1 657 118 1 935 4 914 1 031 3 883 10 880 5 661 158 2 169 2 849 2 849 3 1 355	992 406 426 147 - 13 716 259 457 992 407 12 265 304 4 64 6.5	2 237 534 795 862 6 40 1 639 406 1 233 2 237 851 7 1 141 232 6 234 10.5	1 758 673 518 453 19 95 1 305 269 1 036 1 758 914 19 542 270 13 148 8.4	1 450 471 394 100 52 433 345 45 300 1 450 753 38 114 530 15 129 8.9	4 443 2 060 893 95 41 1 354 909 52 857 4 443 2 736 82 107 1 513 5 780 17.5	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$24,999 \$35,000 ta \$34,999 \$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ar more Medin Medan	611 1 232 724 705 1 750 2 170 3 652 1 875 884 \$24 120 \$26 037	23 87 38 59 303 399 804 409 222 \$27 904 \$31 448	56 134 113 74 181 279 551 277 128 \$25 845 \$27 400	129 251 184 168 424 703 1 177 659 299 \$25 850 \$27 716	134 262 149 230 396 315 583 321 126 \$21 699 \$23 741	269 498 240 174 446 474 537 209 109 \$18 408 \$20 603	1 532 2 103 1 219 853 2 126 1 211 1 331 419 92 \$14 226 \$15 645	93 79 110 108 149 165 219 57 12 \$18 903 \$19 428	302 324 186 174 429 295 345 349 \$16 526 \$17 976	180 249 217 97 400 232 263 100 20 \$16 650 \$17 626	156 338 157 111 329 173 151 35 - \$14 167 \$14 729	801 1 113 549 363 819 346 353 94 11 \$11 414 \$13 145	

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Owner-occupied I	ousing units				Re	enter-occupied	housing units			
Nashua city	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	13 603 578	11 853 319	1 190 259	560	10 886 93	929 26	1 985	2 062	1 521 15	4 068 45	253	48
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	10 463	9 449	673	341	4 299	488	1 028	736	515	1 460	54	18
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	213 2 308 2 723	172 2 158 2 567	24 108 134	17 42 22	668 1 455 538	25 187 111	128 407 131	147 283 81	104 142 63	247 429 152	11 7	6
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	4 134 1 085	3 686 866	283 124	165 95	1 136 502	123 42	237 125	164	63 137 69	453 179	17 19	5 7
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 013 33 355	762 13 229	187 11 90	64 9 36	2 701 663 1 000	189 18 89	213 50 85	387 126 114	422 108 183	1 464 361 523	18	8 -
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	179 263	137 230	28 28 30	14	397 421	18	14	40 62	49 77	268 213	6 - 5	8
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	183 2 127	153 1 642	330	155	220 3 886	32 252	32 32 744	45 939	5 584	99 1 164	7 181	22
15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	30 295 270	216 228	21 67 23	12 19	495 896 466	3 54 24 87	59 151 110	200 200 116	99 179 89	128 305 127	7	Ξ
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	689 843	548 641	23 90 129	51 73	811 1 218	84	197 227	204 219	74 143	227 377	13 155	9 13
Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	46.5	45.8	49.5	57.2	36.7	39.1	38.9	34.3	33.7	35.9	73.5	51.0
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 759 3 750 2 300	1 371 3 272 2 031	266 298 77	122 180 192	4 949 3 554 1 206	308 308 158	750 646 185	875 670 218	783 446 141	2 154 1 404 384	61 72 120	18 8
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 133 2 661	2 927 2 252	140 409	66	640 537	25 130	210 194	178 121	122 29	83 63	=	22
ROOMS	.8	11	- 7	-	240 732	6	37	29 137	35 121	157 294	13	_
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	15 120 1 678	55 987	43 304	22 387	2 321 3 754	25 31 189	191 525	463 681	418 487	1 139 1 827	113 79 24	5 - 21
5 rooms6 rooms	3 237 3 683	2 672 3 451	452 194	113 38	2 669 766	345 147	833 303	578 137	317 88	556 91	18	21 22 -
7 or more rooms Medion PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4 862 6.0	4 669 6.1	193 5.0	4.2	404 4.1	186 5.1	96 4.8	37 4.1	55 3.9	24 3.7	2.5	4.4
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 560 7 949	11 844 6 722	1 156 793	560 434	10 643 6 676	917 539	1 972 1 152	2 035 1 250	1 488 822	3 943 2 686	240 184	48 43
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	5 386 192	4 925 172	338 17	123 3	3 617 279	335 37	746 66	700 65	615 45	1 166 66 25	50	5 -
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	33 43 24	25 9	8 34 24	=	71 243 135	6 12 12	8 13 13	20 27 13	33 21	145 69	13	=
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	19	9 -	10	Ξ	93 8	=	=	6 8	12 -	69	6	=
1.51 or moreBEDROOMS	- 8	- 8	-	-	7	-	_	- 40	-	7	-	-
None 1 2	532 3 349	356 2 342	128 569	48 438	289 3 517 5 005	6 90 401	439 833	42 829 768	41 573 553	175 1 386 2 375	19 186 41	14 34
3	6 542 2 727	6 097 2 623	376 99	69 5	1 747 255	305 81	623 75	403 13	267 76	142 10	7	=
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	445 611	427 503	18 72	36	1 532	46 119	194	408	261	381	161	8
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 232 724	904 575	190 66	138 83	2 103 1 219	119 62	412 189	529 223	346 238	669 477	23 21	5 9
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	705 1 750 2 170	584 1 461 1 889	83 226 167	38	853 2 126	85 223 75	233 476 224	103 398 211	137 269 104	282 745 569	- 7 22	13
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	3 652 1 875	3 323 1 784	252 86	114 77 5	1 211 1 331 419	161 66	193 64	173 17	126 26	660 246	23 18 -	-
\$50,000 or more Medion	\$24 120	\$25 026	48 \$18 906	\$14 013	92 \$14 226	19 \$16 728	\$14 619	\$11 054	\$11 612	\$16 542	\$4 425	\$12 885
MeanSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	\$26 037 13 603	\$27 020 11 853	\$20 822 1 190	\$16 294 560	\$15 645 10 880	\$18 498 923	\$15 209 1 985	\$12 558 2 062	\$13 633 1 521	\$18 003 4 088	\$8 290 253	\$12 725 48
Steom or hot water system Centrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump	6 441 5 593	5 818 4 717	613 369	10 507	4 144 3 026	388 360	699 605	74! 413	564 475	1 660 1 056	92 77	40
Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means	791 138 640	698 112 508	83 15 110	10 11 22	1 657 118 1 935	68 29 78	167 31 483	96 11 801	100 27 355	1 143 15 214	75 5 4	8 -
Air conditioning Centrol system	6 693 1 556	5 707 1 245	649 127	337 184	4 914 1 031	354 115	534 56	350 66	457 119	3 096 662	118 13	5
Vehicles available	13 094 4 591	11 496 3 733	1 076 560	522 298	8 746 5 947	841 434	1 684 1 223	1 475	1 129 788	3 487 2 246	88 63 25	42 42
2 or more	8 503 13 603 7 177	7 763 11 853 6 693	516 1 190 471	224 560 13	2 799 10 880 5 661	407 923 386	461 1 985 1 126	324 2 062 1 451	341 1 521 936	1 241 4 088 1 659	253 103	48
8ottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	37 1 122	26 936	11 167	- 19	158 2 169	89	53 196	43 120	41 153	21 1 493	110	- 8
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Water heating fuel	4 981 286 13 603	3 923 275 11 853	541 1 190	517 11 5 6 0	2 849 43 10 880	435 13 923	605 5 1 985	448 2 062	383 8 1 521	898 17 4 088	40 - 253	40 - 48
Utility gos 8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	7 613 215	7 036 142	564 25	13 48	6 088 244	471 29	1 167 78	1 482 72	1 052 24	1 772 30	144	5
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	3 448 2 315 12	2 699 1 964 12	296 305	453 46	2 801 1 737 10	236 187	431 309	315 193	176 269	1 532 744 10	68 35	43
With own children under 18 years	11 656 6 378	10 403 5 957	847 317	406 104	5 947 3 133	622 374	1 435 840	1 136 697	806 494	1 865 715	60 13	23
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	2 340 922 441	2 161 745 374	140 121 33	39 56 34	1 643 1 422	200 104	412 385 271	380 349 294	247 254 216	397 319 209	7 6	5
With own children under 6 years	63 1 947	50 1 450	13 343	154	1 055 406 4 939	65 30 307	77 550	139 926	76 715	84 2 223	193	25
Percent below poverty level	473 3.5	421 3.6	42 3.5	10 1.8	1 355 12.4	124 13.3	200 10.1	388 18.8	249 16.4	345 8.4	49 19.4	_

Table B - 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[Data ore estimal	ies basea on a :	sample, see intro	oduction. For me	aning or symbols,	, see introduction	n. For definition	is of ferms, see	oppendixes A d	iiu b)	
Nashua city	Total	1 persan	2 persans	3 persans	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	13 603 578	1 549	4 139 312	2 554 105	2 907 56	1 524 55	619 35	264 7	47 8	2.94 2.43	43 188 1 656
To one T	143 1 678 3 237 3 683 2 562 2 300 6.0	64 396 443 367 192 87 5.2	27 870 1 190 1 024 609 419 5.5	23 278 618 691 559 385 6.0	15 114 538 1 015 646 579 6.3	8 20 323 350 359 464 6.7	6 - 93 205 133 182 6.5	- 21 31 58 154 7.8	- 11 - 6 30 8.1	1.78 2.01 2.49 3.15 3.36 3.95	378 3 524 9 482 11 852 8 710 9 242
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less. 1.01 to 1.50	13 560 13 335 192 33 43 43	1 533 1 533 — — 16 — —	4 130 4 130 - - 9 9	2 545 2 545 - - 9 9	2 907 2 892 7 8 - -	1 520 1 492 20 8 4 4	614 515 93 6 5	264 212 52 - - -	47 16 20 11 	2.94 2.89 6.24 5.58 2.11 2.11	43 043 41 440 1 365 238 145 145
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc VALUE	11 853 1 190 560	1 131 289 129	3 391 443 305	2 330 153 71	2 710 163 34	1 419 1 87 1 18	588 31 -	242 19 3	42 5 -	3.10 2.19 2.00	37 526 4 367 1 295
\$pecified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000. \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	10 920 51 235 482 1 094 2 516 3 001 2 662 571 247 61 \$53 200	998 - 31 52 159 310 231 190 5 13 7 \$48 600	3 033 36 102 180 400 616 885 569 158 62 25 \$51,800	2 173 - 61 119 212 514 589 530 105 43 - \$53 100	2 543 15 33 83 154 618 672 737 171 40 20 \$54 800	1 354 - 5 12 104 270 400 418 89 47 9 \$56 800	561 - 36 45 155 160 136 18 11 - \$52 200	222 - 3 - 20 23 52 82 17 25 - \$61 800	36 - - - 10 12 - 8 6 - \$56 700	3.16 2.21 2.35 2.58 2.47 3.15 3.15 3.56 3.60 3.64 2.44	34 386 97 524 1 210 2 864 7 382 9 817 9 475 2 033 835 149
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of househald income With a mortgage	13 603 \$24 120 20.4 21.5	1 549 \$10 074 35.2 35.9	4 139 \$21 793 19.2 21.2	2 554 \$26 361 19.3 21.2	2 907 \$27 121 20.1 20.8	1 524 \$28 559 20.3 21.2	\$28 558 18.2 18.6	\$30 882 23.9 24.7	\$26 563 24.6 24.6	2.94	43 188
With a mortgage	15.4 473 \$3 175 50+ 50+	34.0 178 \$2 901 50+	15.8 124 \$2500— 50+ 50+	12.2 48 \$2500— 50+ 50+	\$5 357 \$5 357	10— 28 \$6 591 50+ 50+	10— 12 \$3 750 50+ 50+	10— 6 \$3 750 50+ 50+	- 5 \$8 750 45.0 45.0	1.97 	:::
Not mortgoged	50 + 10 886 1 221	50+ 3 994	48.7 3 598 814	50+ 1 589 216	45.0 949 88	476 53	153 33	94 11	33	1.90 2.25	23 619 3 169
ROOMS 1 room	240 732 2 321 3 754 2 669 766 404 4.1	213 577 1 467 1 055 545 76 61 3.3	27 120 706 1 588 932 134 91 4.1	- 17 94 693 535 219 31 4.5	- 18 32 324 332 167 76 4.8	- - 22 74 235 89 56 5.1	- - - 15 54 30 54 5.8	- - 5 30 38 21 5.8	- - - 6 13 14 6.3	1.06 1.13 1.29 2.02 2.35 3.29 3.75	272 913 3 459 8 013 6 928 2 629 1 405
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	10 643 10 293 279 71 243 228 8 7	3 841 3 841 - 153 153	3 527 3 507 - 20 71 64 - 7	1 589 1 572 17 - - -	938 888 32 18 11 11	476 380 74 22 - - -	145 84 61 - 8 - 8	94 21 68 5 -	33 - 27 6 - -	1.92 1.87 5.77 4.36 1.29 1.25 6.00 2.00	23 227 21 380 1 545 302 392 328 52 12
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2	929 1 985 2 062 1 521 4 088 253 48	234 461 773 546 1 781 174 25	252 603 649 485 1 531 55 23	188 466 235 205 484 11	119 238 243 167 169 13	59 148 127 69 73 -	36 41 28 25 23 -	21 21 7 24 21 -	20 7 - - 6 -	2.41 2.38 1.90 1.94 1.67 1.23 1.46	2 482 5 120 4 569 3 421 7 604 355 68
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$344 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449 \$500 or more Na cash rent Median	10 788 409 449 951 1 379 1 925 2 449 1 646 1 008 410 162 \$304	3 951 337 284 543 595 620 813 406 241 39 73 \$269	3 566 60 72 252 425 604 958 645 394 97 59 \$318	1 574 5 15 5 8 220 390 318 311 152 75 30 \$313	949 7 53 39 97 162 223 165 139 64 - \$326	468 	153 - 6 13 - 29 42 15 24 24 24 3334	94 - - - 7 41 19 27 - \$399	33 13 20 - \$500+	1.90 1.11 1.29 1.38 1.72 2.07 1.93 2.15 2.17 3.42 1.64	23 452 489 841 1 699 2 629 4 240 5 240 4 092 2 524 1 415 283
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage af household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median incame Median gross rent as percentage of household income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	10 886 \$14 226 24.9 1 355 \$3 500 50+	3 994 \$9 398 29.8 589 \$2 847 50+	3 598 \$16 890 23.0 291 \$3 312 50+	1 589 \$17 410 22.4 188 \$4 339 50+	\$16 705 23.9 145 \$5 083 50 +	\$17 311 23.5 89 \$5 638 50+	153 \$16 654 21.1 24 \$9 375 33.1	94 \$16 824 32.1 15 \$7 656 50+	33 \$15 481 34.0 14 \$2500— 50+	1.90 1.80 	23 619

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Median	46.5	61.8 57.4 86.2 38.9 40.7 42.4 42.4	46.4 43.5 66.8		844848888893333333333333333333333333333	36.7	33.7 33.7 34.8 37.8	36.4 37.3 57.3 32.5	3.3.3.3.3.3.4.1.1.2.4.5.7.7.7.7.7.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3
		65 years and over	25	552 188 68 32 3 1.26	828 15		128 128 127 127 128 138 149 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	1 218	1 057 127 34 - - 1.08	1 171 1 47	1 212 71 71 156 112 114 74 197 423 423 423 38.0
	nd present	45 to 64 years	689	322 222 87 87 87 1.60 1.50	889		222 222 222 222 222 222 222 223 223 223	118	526 160 90 17 18 1.27	774 37 -	75 106 107 107 107 12 12 30.5
	Ider, no husba	35 to 44 years	270	2, 13, 45, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27, 27	270		187 160 160 1 23 23 25 27 27 27 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	466	97 161 12,34 12,34 12,45 14,44 17,44	466	46 29 29 20 10 10 35 83 83
	Femole householder, no husband present	25 to 34 years	295	56 91 14 11 17 17 17 18	290		7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7	896	296 280 189 101 15 15 2.04	875 13 21 15	890 54 75 75 121 121 143 143 30.3
		15 to 24 years	30	21 81 1.67 	9 1 1 1		9.9 1 1 4 8 1 1 1 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	495	204 204 32 32 32 1.93 1 042	489	49.8 58 58 57 277 218 218 60.0
		65 years and over	183	112 55 16 1.32 280	183		50 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	220	206 9 5 1.03 243	206	22 22 7 7 12 12 12 16 16 36.3
religions & Olio	present	45 to 64 years	263	103 99 56 5 1.79 1.79	263		25 164 164 17 17 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 19 10	421	365 48 8 8 1.08 503	409	415 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1
2	older, no wife	35 to 44 years	179	88 38 24 30 1.51	179		441 442 88 84 44 88 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84	397	306 45 25 5 1.15 88 1.15	385 13 12	397 115 116 116 12 12 12 12
o cumulano	Mole householder,	25 to 34 years	355	209 118 13 10 10 5 588	355		178 165 18 18 18 47 6 52 27 13 13 13 14.6	1 000	626 311 53 3 7 7 1.30	975 7 25 -	1 000 271 271 271 271 271 273 85 85 85 85 35
nonocual.		15 to 24 years	33	10 7 7 8 5 105	ဗ္တ ၊ ၊ ၊		និត្ត 2	999	355 240 61 61 7 7 1.43	651 12 12	663 53 102 121 125 68 68 104 104
Allinous, see III		65 years and over	1 065	874 155 35 31 21 2.12	1 076		23 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	205	481 14 7 7 2.02 1 028	477 6 25 _	478 61 61 27 27 53 53 113 54 24 24 29 28
e lo fillingilli	SS.	45 to 64 years	4 134	1 608 973 775 462 316 2.97	4 120 83 14		2 3 360 2 506 2 506 1 127 1 107 1 108 1 108 1 108 1 108 1 108 1 17 1 17 1 17 1 17 1 17 1 17 1 17 1 1	1 136	26 26 358 110 26 59 247 3 234	1 130 47 6	1 130 233 233 213 213 135 46 119 67 20.9
	d-couple families	35 to 44 years	2 723	221 221 459 930 648 465 4.23 11 916	2 723 117 -		2 3 3 9 5 7 3 9 5 7 3 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	538	102 114 119 141 72 399 2 050	525 92 13	530 118 105 109 47 47 46 51 51 21.9
sombie, see m	Morried-c	25 to 34 years	2 308	449 516 925 323 370 8 256	2 308 19		2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 455	499 287 287 431 165 73 330 4 677	1 450 81 5	1 438 385 385 283 283 198 89 89 89 155 121 21.4
noise passa oil o		15 to 24 years	213	1000018	213		200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	899	1 5 6 3 3 8 8 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	000 17 8 17	25 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
on an ann		Total	13 603	1 549 4 139 2 554 2 907 1 524 930 2.94 43 188	13 560 225 43		2 238 6 1382 1 1087 1 1087 1 1087 2 215 2 238 6 118 1 131 1 108 1	10 886	3 994 3 598 1 589 476 476 280 23 619	10 643 350 243 15	10 788 1 651 1 238 1 238 1 554 1 620 232 24.9
		Mashua Gry	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or mare persons fourth persons fourth persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD MICHAEL IN 1070	With a mortgage Less than 15 percent Less than 15 percent 25 to 22 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent Amedian Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 10 percent 15 to 10 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent 36 percent 26 to 24 percent 27 to 24 percent 28 to 29 percent 28 to 29 percent 29 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 26 to 24 percent 27 to 24 percent 28 to 29 percent 29 to 24 percent 29 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 26 to 24 percent 27 to 29 percent 28 to 29 percent 29 to 29 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 26 to 24 percent 27 to 24 percent 28 to 29 percent 29 to 24 percent 29 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 of more persons 6 of more persons Total persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units. Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 50 percent or more Not computed.

Table B—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Doto ore estimo	ires based on o	see introducti	uction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A ond 8] Femole householder									
Nashua city		Mole householder 15 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 44 45 to 64 65 y					45 vaces		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	45
1120102 4117	Total	Tatol	years	years	years	years	65 yeors and over	Total	yeors	yeors	years	years	65 yeors and over
Owner-occupied housing units	1 549	523	10	209	89	103	112	1 026	12	93	47	322	552
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 533 16	523	10	209	89	103	112 -	1 010 16	12 -	88 5	47 -	322	541 11
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 ar mare	1 131 289	388 95	- 6	129 58	70 5	92 11	97 15	743 194	12	52 41	36 7	250 44	405 90 57
Mobile hame ar trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	129 372	40 86	6	22	14	- 16	56	89 286	-	_	4	28 71	215
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 ta \$14,999	397 187 86	61 41 29	4	7 28 20	7 - 9	16 4 -	31 5 -	336 146 57	- -	14 21 14	8 11 8	93 64 18	221 50 17
\$15,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	187 139 107	85 82 87	=	38 57 38	30 4 20	12 29	11 9 -	102 57 20	12 - -	27 6	5 15 —	61 15 —	19 - 14
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	\$10 074 \$13 768	31 21 \$17 060 \$20 567	\$2500— \$5 201	12 9 \$20 898 \$22 523	5 6 \$18 417 \$31 356	14 6 \$24 107 \$22 941	\$5 000 \$7 531	13 9 \$7 415 \$10 302	\$16 250 \$15 805	\$14 554 \$17 528	\$13 906 \$15 421	\$9 808 \$9 795	7 9 \$5 902 \$8 824
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS			ф 3 201						\$13 603	\$17 320			
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200	998 510 35	325 255 6	Ξ	102 96	55 55	80 73 6	88 31 -	673 255 29	=	36 36	32 24	215 107 14	390 88 15
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	35 32 77 54 66 132	25 40 8	Ξ	- - 8	19	16 17	9 4 -	7 37 46	=	- 6 6	=	7 8 27	23 13
\$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	66 132 43	13 73 31	Ξ	8 30 10	23	5 8 10	12 6	53 59 12	Ξ	12	13 5 6	20 19 6	14 23 -
\$600 to \$749 \$750 ar more Median	43 48 23 \$393	36 23 \$439	Ξ	23 17 \$520	\$ - \$418	5 6 \$293	- \$460	12 - \$358	=	6 - \$425	- \$396	6 - \$345	- \$323
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	488	70	Ξ	6	-	7	57	418	Ξ	- - -	8 -	108	302
\$50 ta \$74 \$75 ta \$99 \$100 to \$124	9 28	9 -	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	9 - 8	28	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	28
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 ta \$249	42 221 142	. 8 23 - 18	Ξ	= =	Ξ	- 7	23 11	34 198 124	Ξ	=	- 8	59 35	34 139 81
\$250 or mare Median	\$187	12 \$189	=	\$250+	=	\$225	\$175	34 \$187	=	Ξ	\$225	14 \$196	\$182
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	35.2	29.4	_	29.0	26.3	26.0	50+	38.4	_	25.0	34.0	35.4	45.3
With a martgageNot mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	35.9 34.0 178	29.9 26.3 44	- - 6	29.5 22.5	26.3 - 8	29.5 12.5 16	50+ 40.6 14	50+ 35.1 134	Ξ	25.0	30.0 37.5	39.8 27.9 67	50+ 36.9 67
Percent below poverty level Renter-occupied housing units	11.5 3 994	8.4 1 858	60.0 355	626	9.0 306	15.5 365	12.5 206	13.1 2 136	- 160	- 296	- 97	20.8 526	12.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 841	1 789	349	601	294	353	192	2 052	160	290	97	495	1 010
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	153	69	6	25	12	12	14	84	-	6		31	47
1, detached or attached 2	234 461 773	107 149 274	38 87	48 36 77	14 25	32 29 40	23 32 45	127 312 499	24 65	6 3 71	- 4 23	49 106 151	72 175 189
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare	546 1 781 174	264 1 044 12	42 188	127 338	35 220	60 199 5	99 7	282 737 162	30 41	62 154	11 59	44 154 13	135 329 149
Mabile home ar trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	25	8	=	=	8	-	-	17	=	=	=	. 9	8
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 ta \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 047 1 073 556	195 463 263	40 157 57	14 90 95	12 31 32	50 103 67	79 82 12	852 610 293	21 101 14	33 74 71	13 18 11	97 212 118	688 205 79
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	250 546 197	132 387 159	57 51 33 17	56 204 82	13 95 25	6 40 35	15	118 159 38	24	44 45 23	32 5 6	18 60	49
\$25,000 to \$34,999	229 65	169 65	· ' <u>-</u>	79 6	65 16	25 31	12	60	=	6	6	12	36
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	\$9 398 \$11 318	25 \$12 652 \$14 890	\$9 512 \$10 058	\$16 330 \$16 178	17 \$18 611 \$21 453	8 \$11 101 \$15 324	\$5 984 \$8 786	\$6 703 \$8 210	\$7 981 \$7 806	\$11 444 \$11 886	\$13 008 \$14 965	\$8 945 \$9 347	\$4 292 \$6 056
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	3 951	1 843	355	626	306	359	197	2 108	160	290	97	510	1 051
Less than \$100 \$100 ta \$149 \$150 to \$199	337 284 543	57 111 220	12 17 42	10 52	11 38	13 41 56	32 32 32	280 173 323	13	5 22	- 4	15 41 123 120	265 127 161
\$200 to \$249 \$250 ta \$299 \$300 ta \$349	595 620 813	268 373 449	20 83 97	112 152 189	18 75 65	75 56 72	43 7 26	327 247 364	34 69 34	44 55 103	8 14 36	54 93	121 55 98 70
\$350 ta \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	406 241 39	203 120 21	58 26	61 37 7	49 44 6	24 6 8	11 7 -	203 121 18	10	43 18	28 7 -	52	70 96 18
Na cash rent Median	73 \$269	21 \$289	\$302	\$295	\$308	8 \$238	7 \$1 7 9	52 \$238	\$271	\$309	\$331	12 \$220	40 \$188
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	29.8	24.6	35.0	22.7	21.3	23.4	36.6	36.8	44.1	30.9	37.7	35.2	41.4
Percent below poverty level	589 14.7	110 5.9	25 7.0	14 2.2	2.3	32 8.8	32 15.5	479 22.4	21 13.1	22 7.4	13 13.4	82 15.6	341 32.3

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[DOID OIG COMM	ores bosee on	o somple, see	minodociion.	to meaning or symbols, see infroduction. For definitions of	rerins, see opp	chance it one	0,1	
Nashua city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Nashua city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	124	37	58	29	Vacant for rent housing units	549	298	116	135
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	-	-	-	-	1 room	13	13	_	_
4 rooms5 rooms	11 58	_ 21	11 24	13	2 rooms	35 143	30 52	-	5
6 rooms	11	_	11	_	3 rooms	168	110	49 21	42 37
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	40	12 4	12	16	5 rooms	139	71 22	37	31
Medion	5.4	5.4	5.3	6.6	6 rooms 7 or more rooms	42 9	-	9	20
PLUMBING FACILITIES					Medion	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.1
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	124	- 37	58	29	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	-	-	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	542	291	116	135
BEDROOMS					Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	7	7	-	-
None	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	3	3	<u>-</u>	-		13	13		
3	44 73	9 21	22 36	13 16	None	191	111	58	22
4	,3	4	-	-	2 3	229 103	128	31 18	70 39
5 or more	-	-	-	-	4	13	46	9	39
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
1975 to Morch 1980	85	19	53	13	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	16	_	_	16	1975 to Morch 1980	51	15	22	14
1950 to 1959	15	15		-	1970 to 1974	139 78	70 75	3 3	66
1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	4	3	i	_	1960 to 1969	9	/5	9	
					1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	12 260	3 135	9 70	55
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1737 of editier	200	135	, o	. 33
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	97 27	32	36 22	29	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or troiler	-	-	-	-	1, detoched or ottoched	38	17	21	_
HEATING EQUIPMENT					2 3 ond 4	154 79	42	30 7	82 34
Centrol heoting system	124	37	58	29	5 to 9	68	38 32	36	_
Other meons	-	-	-	-	10 to 49 50 or more	205	169	22	14
None	-	-	-	-	Mobile home or troiler	_	-		-=
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	84	32	36	16	Specified vacant for rent housing units	549	298	116	135
\$10,000 to \$19,999	- 3	_		-	Less thon \$100	12	12		-
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999		3	-	-	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	22 56	14 45	_	8
\$40,000 to \$49,999	_	_	_	-	\$200 to \$249	120	55	9	56
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	22 41	9	22	13	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	124 186	63 104	54 44	7 38
\$80,000 to \$99,999	18	4	14	-	\$400 or more	29	5	9	15
\$100,000 or more		\$67 500	\$64 500	\$53 100	Medion	\$271	\$266	\$293	\$240
INICUIOII	\$63.300	\$67 JUU	\$04 DUU	\$33 100					

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Price osked—Specified vocont for sole only housing units Rent osked—Specified vocont for rent housing units													
Nashua city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Total	84	-	3	-	81	-	63 500	549	12	78	244	186	29	271
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	84 -	Ξ	3 -	Ξ	81 -	Ξ	63 500 -	542 7	12 -	71 7	244 -	186	29 -	272 161
BEDROOMS														
None	- 3 4 73 4 -	-	3 - - - -	-	- 4 73 4 -	- - - - -	21 300 62 500 63 600 85 000	13 191 229 103 13	- 8 - 4 - -	13 20 37 8 - -	103 81 51 9	51 95 40 -	- 9 16 - 4 -	169 265 296 264 218
1975 to Morch 1980	50 - 16 10 4 4	-	- - - - 3	-	50 - 16 10 4 1	- - - - -	63 300 - 53 100 77 500 85 000 21 700	51 139 78 9 12 260	- 8 - - 4	3 16 4 - - 55	5 37 29 9 3 161	31 82 37 - 9 27	12 4 - - - 13	378 316 298 263 317 240
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler	84 	:::	3 	:::	81 	:::	63 500	38 511 -	4 8 -	78 -	13 231 -	12 174 -	9 20 -	308 269 -

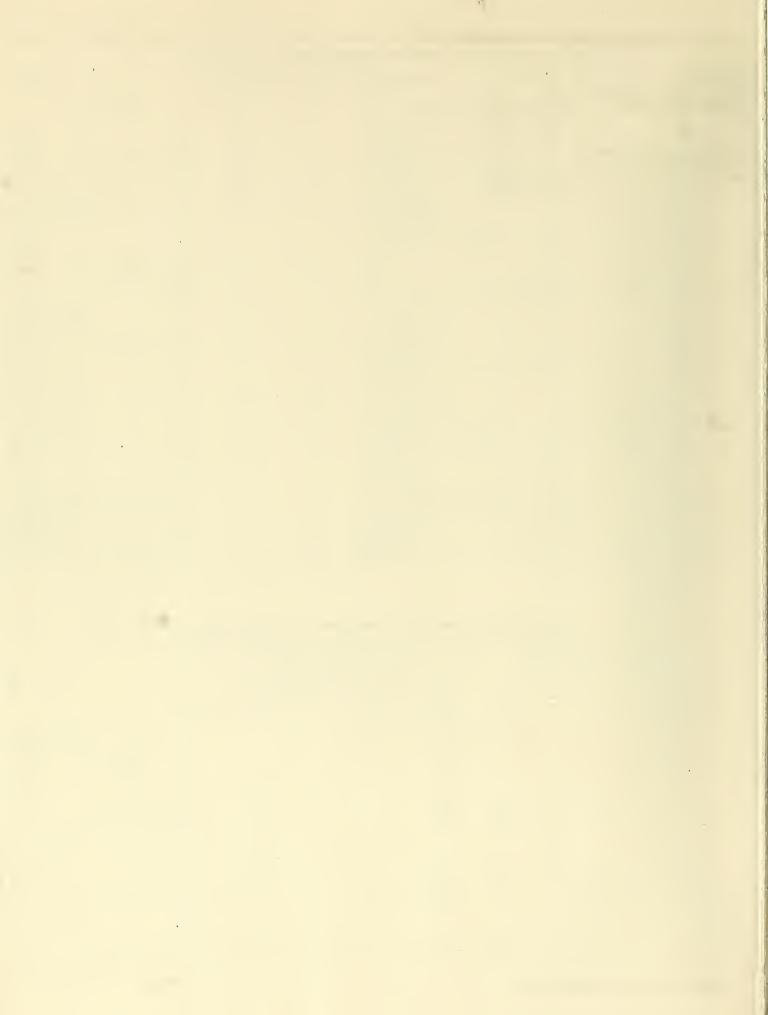
Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMS Places of	50,00	00 or	More	and
Central	Cities	of S	MSA's	

Ï	Housing (units
	100-percent count	Percent in sample
	40 246	15.7
	25 444	15.4

PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's



Appendix A.—Area Classifications

A-1
A-1
A-1
A-1
A-1
A-1
A-1
A-1
A-2
A-2
A-2

REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

GENERAL	B-1	Persons	B-6
LIVING QUARTERS	B-1	Rooms	B-6
Housing Units	B-1	Persons Per Room	B-6
Comparability With 1970	D- 1	Bedrooms	B-6
Census Housing Unit Data	B-2	STRUCTURAL	
Group Quarters	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
Comparability With 1970 Cen-	0 2	Year Structure Built	B-6
sus Group Quarters Data	B-2	Units in Structure	B-6
Rules for Hotels, Room-		Stories in Structure	B-6
ing Houses, Etc	B-2	Passenger Elevator	B-6
Staff Living Quarters	B-2	PLUMBING	
Year-Round Housing Units	B-2	CHARACTERISTICS	B-6
OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY		Plumbing Facilities	B-6
CHARACTERISTICS	B-2	Comparability With 1970	D-0
Occupied Housing Units	B-2	Census Plumbing Facilities	
Householder	B-2	Data	B-6
Child	B-2	EQUIPMENT AND FUELS	B-6
Nonrelative	B-3		
Age of Householder	B-3	Heating Equipment Comparability With 1970	B-6
Household Type	B-3	Census Heating Equipment	
Year Householder Moved		Data	B-6
Into Unit	B-3	Air Conditioning	B-0 B-7
Vacant Housing Units	B-3	Vehicles Available	B-7
Vacancy Status	B-3	Comparability With 1970	D-7
Duration of Vacancy	B-3	Census Automobiles	
Tenure	B-3	Available Data	B-7
Condominium Housing Units	B-3	Fuels Used for House Heating	υ,
Comparability With 1970		and Water Heating	B-7
Census Condominium	В 0	FINANCIAL	
Housing Unit Data	B3	CHARACTERISTICS	B-7
Race of the Householder	B-3	Value	B-7
Comparability Between Sam-		Price Asked	B-7
ple and 100-Percent Data	D 4	Mortgage Status and Selected	,
for Race of the Householder.	B-4	Monthly Owner Costs	B-7
Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the		Mortgage Status and Selected	
Householder	B-4	Monthly Owner Costs as a	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin of	0-4	Percentage of House-	
the Householder	B-5	hold Income in 1979	B-7
Limitations of the Data		Rent	B-7
on Householders of		Gross Rent as a Percentage	
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	of Household Income	
Comparability Between		in 1979	B-8
Sample and 100-Percent		Household Income in 1979	B-8
Data on Householders of		Median Income	B-8
Spanish/Hispanic Origin	B-5	Comparability With 1970	D 0
Comparability With 1970		Census Income Data	B-8
Census Data on House-		Poverty Status in 1979	B-8
holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	B-5		
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted p	
CHARACTERISTICS	B-6	through self-enumeration. The p	rincipal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units-A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative — A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish! Hispanic'' origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see guestion H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix F)

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more: police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979—Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted			Re	elated chi	ldren unde:	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686								• • •.
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774		• • •			• • •	• • •	• • • •	
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • • •
2 persons	4,723	4,723	• • •							
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •						
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	••••
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844						
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382					• • •
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9, 154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •		• • •	
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	C-2

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form guestionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

D-1
D-1
D-1
D-2
D-3
D-3
D-3
D-5
D-5
D-5
D-6
D-6
D-6
D 6

INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se y of estimates x and v:

Se
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se $(x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county In small counties with a boundaries. sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children

Family Without Own Children
Under 18

6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Householder

2 Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race							
	Persons of Spanish Origin							
	Male							
1	0 to 4 years of age							
2	5 to 14 years of age							
3	15 to 19 years of age							
4	20 to 24 years of age							
5	25 to 34 years of age							
6	35 to 44 years of age							
7	45 to 64 years of age							
8	65 years of age or older							
	Female							

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number For example, weights were assigned. if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit

Housing Units With a Family
Without Own Children Under 18
6-10 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

	9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
	17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
The state of the s	33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
		Renter White Race
	81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter No Cash Rent
	92-102	Persons not of Spanish origin Same rent categories as
	103-124	groups 81 to 91 Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renter-The assignment of occupied unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							Size	of public	ation area	2/				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16 22	16	16	16 22	16 22	16	16 22	16	16	16	16 22	16
100	20 25	21 30	35	22 35	22 35	35	35	22 35	35	22 35	22 35	22 35	35	22 35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	1 50	1 50	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	3 50	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- .	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	8.0	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

 $[\]underline{1}$ / For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) \approx \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

^{2/} The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.0	0.8	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.7	1.0	0.6
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.0	0.7	0.5
Tenure	1.0	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.0	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.8	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.8	0.5
Persons in unit	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year structure bullt	1.0	0.8	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.0	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms	i.i	0.9	0.5
Rooms	i.i	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.0	0.9	0.5
	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	0.9	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1+1	0.9	0.7
Gross rent as a percentage of household		0.0	0.5
Income In 1979	1.1	0.9	0.9
Mortgage status and selected		0.0	0.8
monthly owner costs	1.0	0.8	0.5
Household Income	1.0	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.0	0.8	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for			
exclusive use with 1.01 persons per			
room or more	1.1	0.8	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Appendix E. — Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- List in question 1 (on pege 1), the nemes of ell the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living querters, list in the first column eny edult household member who is not a roomer, boerder, or paid employee. Print the nemes of the other household members, if eny, in the columns which follow, using question 1 es e checklist.
- Fill e circle to show how each person is releted to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be merked Son/daughter. Foster children or werds living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the cetegory with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter ege at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for bebies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the eppropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, merk Never merried.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (encestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit et a regular elementery school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, merk the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, merk the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated gredes, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grede or by passing an equivelency test, such as the

General Educationel Development (GED) exemination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Merk Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by pessing a high school equivelency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living guerters ere located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupents of living quarters now vacent would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullmen kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or ere mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if eny money rent is peid. Rent mey be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for exemple, e parsonage, military housing, a house or epartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or epartment occupied by e janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the epartments or houses in a development ere individually owned, but the common ereas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or berber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the velue of the house, the lend it is on, end eny other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the lend is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day By the week	30
Every other week	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Oo not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket (\{ \}) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is now inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc. Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

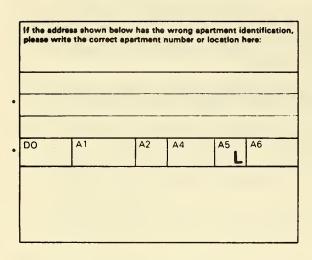
INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- 33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal. State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this.

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

hara on Tuesday April 1 1980 or who was

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- Lodgers or boarders living here
- ·Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

staying or vi	siting ner	e and n	au no o	
				 _
				 _
				 _

Note

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

e 2	_	ALSO ANSWER	THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	PERSON in column 1 Last name	PERSON in column 2 Let name
QUESTIONS	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initia
in column in Fill one circle	person related to the person 1? c. cative" of person in column 1, actionship, such as mother-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	∵○ Male	O Male Female
4. Is this person		 White Black or Negro Japanese Chine'se Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe → 	 White Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →
	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday
a. Print age at	iast birthday. and fill one circle.	1 ● 8 ○ 8 ○ 8 ○	1 • 8 0 0 0 0
	the spaces, and fill one circle	b. Month of birth	b. Month of birth
6. Marital state		Now married	Now married
Fill one circle		O Divorced	O Divorced
7. Is this person origin or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	Jary 1. 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school dipioma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever e.	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
person is in.	ding school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10
	erson finish the highest year) attended? ::/e.	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)
		USE ONLY A. OIONO	USE ONLY A. OIONOO

CENSUS USE ONLY

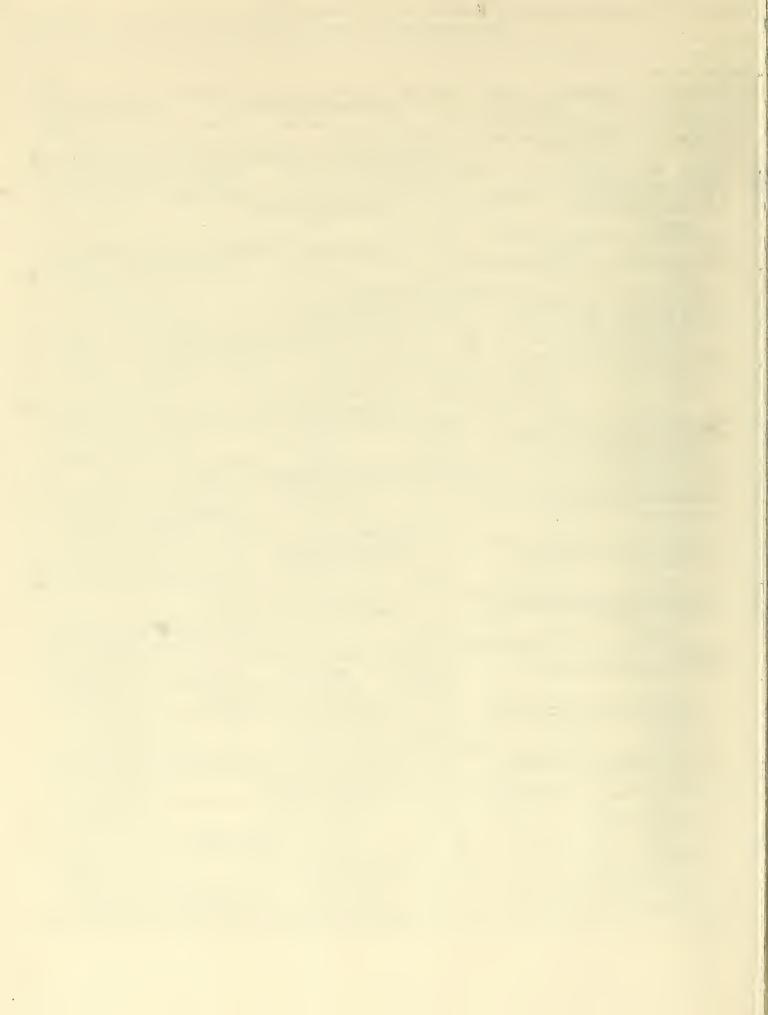
		Page 3
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than	R HOUSEHOLD
relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative Brother/sister	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home? Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? No Yes, a condominium H10. If this is a one-family house — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? Yes No
not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other Partner, roommate nonrelative, Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? O Yes O No
O Male Female O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese Guamanian	 Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. No 	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?
Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters	Do not answer this question if this is — • A mobile home or trailer • A house on 10 or more acres • A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
### Age at last birthday	5 apartments or living quarters 6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters	○ Less than \$10,000 \$50,000 to \$54,999 ○ \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 ○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$60,000 to \$64,999 ○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999 ○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70,000 to \$74,999 ○ \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 9 July—Sept. 8 0 8 0	This is a mobile home or trailer H5. Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	\$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more
Oct.—Dec. 9 9 0	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower? Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities No plumbing facilities in living quarters	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters — What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent. C Less than \$50 \$160 to \$169
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms	\$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 \$70 to \$79 \$190 to \$199 \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224 \$90 to \$99
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	3 rooms	\$100 to \$109 \$250 to \$274 \$275 to \$299 \$275 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$350 to \$399 \$440 to \$149 \$400 to \$499 \$150 to \$159 \$500 or more
	number occupied C1. Is this unit	its Lefor — Less than 1 month Less than 2 months Less than 2 months
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more ' O O O O O O Never attended school-Skip question 10	O O O O O O O O Continuation I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	nal/Mig. — Skip C2, tatus O 2 up to 6 months O 6 up to 12 months I I I O 1 year up to 2 years O 2 or more years O 3 3 3 O 4 4 4
Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) CENSUS A. OI ON O	555 555 eisewhere O Held fo	vacant E. Indicators 5 5 5 1. 0 0 Mail return 6 6 6

4 3. Which best describes this building?	ALSO ANSWER THESE	CENSUS
include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	Gas: from underground pipes	USE
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	H22a.
A mobile notifie of trailer A one-family house detached from any other house	O Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	000
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	Other fuel	1 1 1
	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	
A building for 2 families A building for 2 and families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	3 3 3
O A building for 3 or 4 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	
O A building for 5 to 9 families		9 9 9
O A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	5 5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families	O Wood	6 6 6
A building for 50 or more families	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Other fuel	7 7 7
O A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Electricity O No finel used	8 8 8
o 71 boad tolk) vally oter	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
4a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?		
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	000
○ 1 to 3 — Skip to H15 ○ 7 to 12	serving the neighborhood	I I I
O 4 to 6 O 13 or more stories	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	S S S
0 10 0 more startes	O Electricity — O No final used —	3 3 3
h. to About a management of the Abit of the Haling 2	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
b. is there a passenger elevator in this building?	Man are the costs of utilities and finals for your living and and	5 5 5
O Yes O No	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	666
	a. Electricity s on op O Included in rent or no charge	7 7 7
5a. is this building —	C Flactricity not used	8 8 8
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost	9 9 9
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	Hoo
On a place of 10 or more acres?	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
On a place of 10 or fillule acres:	Average monthly cost Gas not used	000
h land was 1070 did as a farmer through and about any a		I I I
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	5 5 5
from this place amount to —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
 Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 	Yearly cost	9 9 9
○ \$50 to \$249 ○ \$600 to \$999 ○ \$2,500 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
	O Instruted in cent or no observe	6 6 6
6. Do you get water from —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	7 7 7
	Yearly cost O These fuels not used	8 8 8
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9 9
An individual drilled well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	No.
O An individual dug well?		H22d.
O Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	0000
7. is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	1111
	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	5 5 5 5
O Yes, connected to public sewer		3 3 3 3
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other masses		0-0-0-0
O No, use other means	○` 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	5555
8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and	7777
	wash basin with piped water.	8888
	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	9999
O 1975 to 1978 O 1950 to 1959 O 1939 or earlier	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
O 1970 to 1974	_	
9. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
this house (or apartment)?	0 1 complete bathroom	0000
	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	1111
0 1979 or 1980 0 1950 to 1959	O 2 or more complete bathrooms	8888
0 1975 to 1978 0 1949 or earlier	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3 3 3 3
O 1970 to 1974 O Always lived here		9999
O 1960 to 1969	O Yes O No	5 5 5 5
. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	6666
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.		2777
, in one cacle for the kind of near used most.	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	8888
- 0:	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	9999
O Steam or hot water system	O Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	O No	0000
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here)		1111
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	MOO II	
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here)	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household?	5555
 Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, 		3 3 3 3
 Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) 	of your household?	3333
 Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace 	of your household? O None O 2 automobiles O 1 automobile O 3 or more automobiles	222233334444
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)	of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms (Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	of your household? None 2 automobiles 1 automobile 3 or more automobiles H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

Please answer H30-H32 If you live in a one-family house									Pa
which you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —									
A mobile home or trailer									
A house on 10 or more acres									
A condominium unit	, skip H30 to H32 d	ind turn to	page 6.						
or medical office on the property									
What were the real estate taxes on <u>this</u> property last year?	Also in	clude pay	our total reg ments on a co mortgages on	ntract to	ourchase				
\$.00 OR O None	\$			00 OR		o regular p	ayment red	quired -	
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	d. Does	your reg	ular monthly	paymer	t (amo	unt entere	ed in H32	c) inclu	page ude
\$.00 OR O None	paym	ents for	real estate t	axes on §	his pro	perty?			
	0	Yes, taxe	s included in	payment					
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	0	No, taxes	paid separat	tely or tax	es not r	equired			
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt			ular monthly ire and haz					c) incl	ude
O Yes, contract to purchase			rance include						
O No — Skip to page 6	1		ance paid se			surance			
Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,					
O Yes O No									
_					F	Please tui	n to pag	ge 6	
	SUS USE ONLY	2.	4.	2 2		4.	3 2.		4.
FOR CENS	111111111	2. 0 0 I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	4. 000 111 222 334 455 666 777 888 999	S.S.	I	4. 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9	3 2. S.S. 1	3 3 4	4. ØØ 0 I I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes O	0 0 I 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8	Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	S.S.	I	0 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8	S.S. 1	3 3 4	00 12 33 45 56 73
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes O NO O	0 0 1 I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9	000 III 2333 444 555 666 777 888 999	S.S. Yes		0 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	\$.\$. 1		0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 3 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 4.
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes O	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	0 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S		000 III 223 333 444 555 666 777 888 999	S.S. 1		Ø Ø I I I 2 2 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 4. 6. Ø Ø I I 2 2
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	0 0 0 I I I 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 4 4 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S		000 111 223 333 444 555 666 777 888 999	Yes 6 2. Yes 6 2. Yes 6 2. Yes 6 2.		0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 4 6 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 6 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 6 6 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S.	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 E 1 I 2 3 3 4 5 5	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4.	S.S		000 III 2233 444 555 666 778 899 4. 000 III 223 344 555 666 778 899	S.S. 1		0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	0 0 0 I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 5 6 7	00 I I I 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 7	S.S		000 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	S.S. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 5 6 7 7
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 5 6 6 7 6 7	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 8 6 7 8 8	S.S		000 111 223 333 444 555 666 777 888 999 4.	S.S. 1		Ø I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 2 9 9 4 5 6 6 7 2 9
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes O No O No O	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 E 2 8 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 6 7 8 6 7 8	00 I I I 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 7	S.S. Yes S.S. No S.S. Yes		000 III 223 444 555 666 778 899 4. 001 III 223 3444 555 666 778 899 667 888 999	S.S. 1		0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S	1 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	0000 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 11 Yes 3 No 6 S.S. 11 Yes 3 No 7	H320	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 6 7 8 9 9
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes O No O No O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	#	S.S	1 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	000 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	S.S. 1 Yes 3 No 7 S.S. 1 Yes 3 No 7 S.S. 1 No 7 S.S. 1 S.S	H3200 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 0 0 0 1 1 1 1
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No No No To S.S.	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 . 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 . 0 0 1 2 2	S.S	1 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	0000 1112 333 444 555 667 7888 999 4. 00111 223 344 555 667 778 899 000	S.S. 11 Yes 3 No 6 S.S. 11 S.S	H32c	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 0 I 2 3	S.S	1 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	000 111 223 444 555 667 7888 999 4. 001 112 233 444 555 677 888 999 01 112 233 444 555 667 778 888 999 001 111 1223 1344 1445	S.S. 11 Yes 3 No 6 S.S. 11 Yes 4 No 6 No 7 S.S. 11 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8 O 8	H32c	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 1 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No No O To S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	ØII 234 56 7 89	S.S. Yes C.S.S. Yes C.S.S. Yes C.S.S. G.S. S.S. S.S. S.S. S.S. S.S. S.	H3 0 1 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 7 3 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6	000 III 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 4. 0 0 I I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 0. 0 I I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 0. 0 I I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 0. 0 0 I I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	S.S. 1 Yes 0 S.S. 1	H322	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No No O To S.S. Yes	0 I I 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 0 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 0 I 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Ø I I 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9	S.S	#3 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	000 III I 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4. 00 III 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 0. 00 III 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 11 Yes 3 No 7 S.S. 11 Yes 4 O 8 No 7 O 8 No 9 No 9	H322 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 5 6 7 7 5 6 7 7 5 6 7 7 7 5 6 7 7 7 7	0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 C.

nge 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of	16. When was this person born?	22a. Did this person work at any time <u>last week?</u>
Person 1	O Born before April 1965 —	○ Yes - Fill this circle if this ○ No - Fill this circle
on page 2:	Please go on with questions 17-33	person worked full If this person
Lest name First name Middle initial		time or part time. did not work,
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?	Turn to next page for next person	(Count part-time work or did only own
Print the State where this person's mother was living	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person —	such as delivering papers, housework,
when this person was born. Do not give the location of	a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?	or helping without pay in school work,
the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital	O Yes O No	a family business or farm. or volunteer
were In the same State.		Also count active duty work. in the Armed Forces.)
	b. Attending college?	
	O Yes O No	Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	c. Working at a job or business?	b. How many hours did this person work last week
12. If this person was born in a foreign country —	O Yes, full time O No	(at all jobs)?
a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the	O Yes, part time	Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked
United States?	O rea; part time	
Yes, a naturalized citizen	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	Hours
O No, not a citizen	service in the Armed Forces of the United States?	
Born abroad of American parents	If 'service was in National Guard or Reserves only,	23. At what location did this person work last week?
	see instruction guide.	If this person worked at more than one location, print
b. When did this person come to the United States	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 19	where he or she worked most last week.
to stay?	h Mariantia de la collina de l	If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.
○ 1975 to 1980 ○ 1965 to 1969 ○ 1950 to 1959	b. Was active-duty military service during —	,,
	I'm a chere for each period in which and person served.	a. Address (Number and street)
O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950		
	O Vietnam era (August 1964 - April 1975)	
13a. Does this person speak a language other than	O February 1955—July 1964	of annual address to the bound of the bound
English at home?	O Korean conflict (June 1950 – January 1955)	if street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.
	O World War II (September 1940-July 1947) O World War I (April 1917-November 1918)	
	O Any other time	b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language?	o viny other time	
	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other	
	health condition which has lasted for 6 or more	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal)
(For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)	months and which	limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?
	a. Limits the kind or amount Yes No	O Yes O No, in unincorporated area
c. How well does this person speak English?	of work this person can do at a job?	Tes O No, III dilinicol politated area
O Very well O Not well	b. Prevents this person from working at a job?	
O Well O Not at all	c. Limits or prevents this person	d. County
	from using public transportation?	
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about	20. If this person is a female - None 1 2 3 4 5 6	
how to report ancestry, see instruction guide:	How many babies has she ever 0 00000	e. State f. ZIP Code
	had, not counting stillbirths?	24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person
	Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more	to get from home to work (one way)?
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran,	or children she has adopted.	
Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,		Minutes
Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	21. If this person has ever been married -	
	a. Has this person been married more than once?	b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago	Once O More than once	If this person used more than one method, give the one
(April 1, 1975)?	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	usually used for most of the distance.
If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	b. Month and year Month and year	O Car O Taxicab
of residence there.	of marriage? of first marriage?	O Truck O Motorcycle
O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for		O Van O Bicycle
○ Yes, this house - Sklp to 16	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	O Bus or streetcar O Walked only
	c. If married more than once - Did the first marriage	O Railroad O Worked at home
O No, different house	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	O Subway or elevated O Other — Specify ————————————————————————————————————
b. Where did this person live five years ago	O Ves O Ne	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c.
(April 1, 1975)?	—————————————————————————————————————	Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country,	FOR CENSUS	SUSE ONLY
	Per. 11. 13b. 14.	15b. 23. 0 VL 24a.
	No. 000 000 000	0 .2
Puerto Rico,		
Puerto Rico,		222 222 222 222 222 22
Puerto Rico,	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	2 2 <td></td>	
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town,	2 2 <td>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</td>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	2 2 <td>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</td>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	2 2 <td>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</td>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	2 2 <td>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</td>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

				Pag
c. When going to work last week, did this person usually	USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CENSUS	USE ONLY
 Drive alone — Skip to 28 Share driving Drive others only Ride as passenger only 	21b.	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 31d	31b. 31c.	31d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	1 1 1	- 103 E 0 110 - 3kp to 310	00 00	- :
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 8 8	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	88 88	8 8 8
0 2 0 4 0 6 0 7 or more	044	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	33 33	-
3 5 7 or more After answering 24d, skip to 28.	11155	Weeks	55 5	
. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours did	6 60	
or business <u>last week?</u>	7 7 IV 8 8	this person usually work each week?	7 7 7 7	
 Yes, on layoff Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. 	099	Hours	9 9	
No No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how many weeks	32a.	32b.
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?		was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	0000	0000
r O Yes O No Skip to 27	I I	Weeks	1111	1111
·	3 3		3333	3 3 3 3
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	44	32. Income in 1979 — Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	4.4.4.4	3 3 3 3 3
No, already has a job No, temporarily ill	5 5	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	5555	5555
O No. other reasons (in school, etc.)	66	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction quide.	7777	6666
O Yes, could have taken a job	8.8		8888	8888
. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	0.5	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the following sources?	9999	9999
O 1980 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974 Skip to	28.	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	A O	0 A 0
○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1969 or earlier 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	32c. ○ ○ ○ ○	32d.
	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	1111	1111
-30. Current or most recent job activity Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.	8888	SSSS
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	○ Yes → \$.00	3333	3333
this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	GHJ	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	5555	5555
last job or business since 1975.		b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	GĠGG.	6666
. Industry	000	practice Report net Income after business expenses.	7777	7777
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		● ○ Yes → \$.00	9999	9999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	O No (Annual amount - Dollars)	0 A 0	O A O
	5 5 5	c. Own farm	32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	3 3	Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	0000	0000
b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed.	44	a tenant farmer or sharecropper. ○ Yes → « 00	111	588
	66	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	3 3 3	3 3 3
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	7 7	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	9.9-9-	999
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	99	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	555	555
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing	AF O	○ Yes .→ § .00	777	777
Wholesale trade Other _ (agriculture, construction,	NW O	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	888	888
service, government, etc.)	 	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement		-
			32g.	33.
·	29.	○ Yes → \$.00		1 0 0 0 0
· ·	NPQ	○ Yes → \$.00 ○ No (Annual amount – Doilars)	0000	0000
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	N P Q	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with	2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	ssss IIII
What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator).	NPQ	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	3333 1111 0000 0000	3333
What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator).	N P Q 0 0 0 R S T	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments	2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	ssss IIII
What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator).	N P Q 0 0 0 R S T 0 0 0	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	N P Q O O O R S T O O O U V W O O O X Y Z	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes \$ 00	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5	1 I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill). Was this person — (Fill one circle)	N P Q	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes \$ 00 (Annual amount - Doilars) Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding milli)	N P Q O O O R S T O O O U V W O O O X Y Z	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding milli). Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or	N P Q 0 0 0 R S T 0 0 0 U V W 0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes \$ 00 (Annual amount - Doilars) Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8	1 I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 0 A 0
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding milli). Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions. Federal government employee.	N P Q 0 0 0 R S T 0 0 0 V W 0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0 0 0 I I 2 2	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes \$ 00 (Annual amount - Dollars) g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.	0 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions.	N P Q 0 0 0 R S T 0 0 0 U V W 0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes \$ 00 (Annual amount – Dollars) g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritance or the sale of a home.	0 0 0 0 0 1 I I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 0 A 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding milli). Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions. Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.).	N P Q 0 0 0 0 R S T 0 0 0 U V W 0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0 1 I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes * \$ 00 (Annual amount - Doilars) G. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritance or the sale of a home. Yes * \$.00	0 0 0 0 I I I I 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
a. What kind of work was this person doing? (For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator). b. What were this person's most important activities or duties? (For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding milli). Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	N P Q 0 0 0 0 R S T 0 0 0 U V W 0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0 I I 2 2 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments Yes \$ 00 (Annual amount - Dollars) g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritance or the sale of a home. Yes \$ 00 (Annual amount - Dollars) 33. What was this person's total income in 1979? Add entries in questions 32a	0 0 0 0 0 1 I I I I 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
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Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

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ENERALF	_1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.	
UBLICATIONS F		HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
		tial Finance	F-
Population and Housing Census		HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	' -
Reports F		Reports	F-
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F			' -
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F	-2	Evaluation and Reference	_
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-		Reports	F-
teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluation and	_
Units and Standard Metro-		Research Reports	F-
politan Statistical Areas F	-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-
PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-
Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R2, History	F-
Congress F PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical	
		Index of Industries and	
Estimates of Social, Eco- nomic, and Housing		Occupations	F-
Characteristics F		PHC80-R4, Classified	
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	-2	Index of Industries and	_
mates of Social, Economic,		Occupations	F-
	-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic	
		Identification Code	_
	-2	Scheme	F-
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		COMPUTER TAPES	F_
	-2	Summary Tape Files	F-
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		STF 1	F-
	-2	STF 2	F-
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics. F		STF 3	
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	-2	STF 4	F-
Social and Economic		STF 5	F-
Characteristics F	2	Other Computer Tape Files	
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	_3	P.L. 94-171, Population	•
Detailed Population		Counts	F-
Characteristics F	_3	Master Area Reference Files	
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	_5	1 and 2 (MARF)	F-
Reports F	_3	Geographic Base File/Dual	
PC80-S1, Supplementary	_5	Independent Map Encoding	
Reports F	_3	(GBF/DIME)	F-
	_3	Public-Use Microdata	
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Ū	Samples	F-
teristics of Housing Units F	-3	Census/EEO Special File	F-
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MAPS	F-
General Housing		MICROFICHE	F_
Characteristics F		STF 1 Microfiche	
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	_	STF 3 Microfiche	
Detailed Housing		P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche.	
Characteristics F	- 3	F.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche.	
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-			
politan Housing			
Characteristics F	-3	GENERAL	
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject		_	
Reports F	-3	The results of the 1980 Census of F	
HC90 4 Volume 4 Compo	_	lation and Housing are issued in	thre

nents of Inventory Change. . F-3

forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

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Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States. SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics—Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports – These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some of cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171. the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1—This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

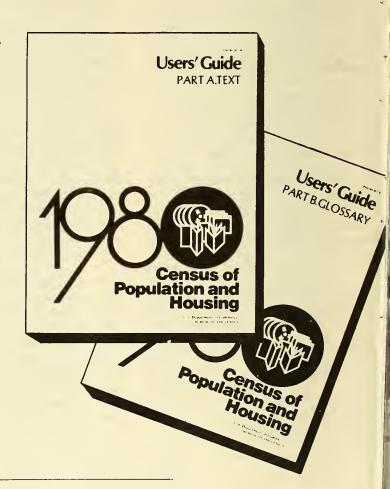
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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